

Table of Contents

CHAPTER 1. ROLE OF THE ATTORNEY

- § 1:1 Admission to practice law
- § 1:2 Attorney-client relationship
- § 1:3 Right to counsel
- § 1:4 Court-appointed counsel in criminal case
- § 1:5 Right to competent counsel; proving ineffective assistance
- § 1:6 Right to separate counsel; conflict of interest and waiver thereof
- § 1:7 When right to counsel attaches
- § 1:8 Waiver of right to counsel
- § 1:9 —Standby counsel
- § 1:10 Discharge of appointed counsel
- § 1:11 Appointment of counsel in civil cases
- § 1:12 Appearance by counsel; party's voluntary and special appearances
- § 1:13 Withdrawal of counsel
- § 1:14 Powers and professional responsibilities of attorneys
- § 1:15 Rules of professional conduct; discipline of attorney

CHAPTER 2. CONDUCT OF THE TRIAL

- § 2:1 Statutes, rules of practice and general rules applicable to trials
- § 2:2 Presence of parties and counsel
- § 2:3 Competency of defendant to stand trial in criminal case
- § 2:4 Conduct of parties in court
- § 2:5 Security measures and conduct in courtroom
- § 2:6 Presence of the judge
- § 2:7 Substitution or succession of judges during and after trial
- § 2:8 General conduct of the judge
- § 2:9 Demeanor of the judge
- § 2:10 Recusal or disqualification of judge
- § 2:11 Ex parte communications with judge
- § 2:12 Accountability of judges; discipline and removal
- § 2:13 Judge's duty to preserve order in court
- § 2:14 Public trials; exclusion of the public or jury
- § 2:15 Photographic and television coverage of trials
- § 2:16 Access to judicial records
- § 2:17 Publicity before and during trial

- § 2:18 Judge's control of conduct and examination of witnesses
- § 2:19 Limiting the number of witnesses
- § 2:20 Ruling on admissibility of evidence; exceptions to ruling unnecessary
- § 2:21 Restricting use of admitted evidence
- § 2:22 Questioning of witnesses by the judge
- § 2:23 Court's witnesses
- § 2:24 Pretrial conferences and pretrial orders
- § 2:25 Control of proceedings by stipulation
- § 2:26 Stipulations in divorce cases
- § 2:27 Limitations on use of stipulations to control proceedings
- § 2:28 Law applicable to cases arising outside Nebraska

CHAPTER 3. MOTIONS

- § 3:1 Applications and motions
- § 3:2 Disposition of motions
- § 3:3 Voluntary dismissal
- § 3:4 Voluntary dismissal of criminal case
- § 3:5 Motion to quash in criminal cases
- § 3:6 Notice pleading adopted; demurrer and special appearances abolished
- § 3:7 Dismissal motion
- § 3:8 Dismissal at close of case
- § 3:9 Dismissal for failure to prosecute
- § 3:10 Dismissal or default judgment for failure to comply with order compelling discovery
- § 3:11 Continuance, adjournment or stay in civil cases
- § 3:12 Continuance because of absence, death or disability of counsel
- § 3:13 Continuance because of absence of witness or evidence
- § 3:14 Default judgment in civil cases; summons
- § 3:15 Setting aside default judgment
- § 3:16 Summary judgment motions
- § 3:17 Change of venue motions
- § 3:18 Competency expert
- § 3:19 Suppression of evidence by motion of party
- § 3:20 Sanctions for discovery violations
- § 3:21 In limine motion
- § 3:22 Striking improper evidence
- § 3:23 Amending criminal information
- § 3:24 DNA testing
- § 3:25 Challenging admissibility of expert testimony

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER 4. CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS

- § 4:1 Constitutional rights of the accused
- § 4:2 Right to jury trial
- § 4:3 Right to speedy trial and waiver of right
- § 4:4 Speedy trial clock calculation
- § 4:5 Excluded periods for speedy trial calculation
- § 4:6 Right of defendant to be present during trial
- § 4:7 Charging the offense
- § 4:8 Proceedings against juveniles
- § 4:9 Initial appearance and arraignment
- § 4:10 Assignment of counsel at arraignment
- § 4:11 Preliminary hearing—Probable cause hearing
- § 4:12 Waiver of statutory rights
- § 4:13 Plea in bar to criminal charge
- § 4:14 Authorized pleas to criminal charges
- § 4:15 Pleas challenging sufficiency of charge; statute of limitations defense
- § 4:16 Plea agreements and cooperation agreements
- § 4:17 Court's advisements to accused, generally
- § 4:18 Immigration consequences of plea: Judicial advisement
- § 4:19 Habitual criminal advisement
- § 4:20 Prosecution's duty to disclose evidence
- § 4:21 Evidence favorable to accused, disclosure
- § 4:22 Impeachment evidence
- § 4:23 Defendant's duty to disclose evidence in criminal case
- § 4:24 Motions for severance or consolidation
- § 4:25 Continuances in criminal cases
- § 4:26 Grounds for continuance in criminal cases

CHAPTER 5. CONTEMPT OF COURT

- § 5:1 Power of court to punish for contempt
- § 5:2 Civil and criminal contempt compared
- § 5:3 Criminal contempt, proceedings and punishment
- § 5:4 Civil contempt, proceedings and punishment
- § 5:5 Direct and indirect acts of contempt
- § 5:6 —Punishment of direct contempt
- § 5:7 —Punishment of indirect contempt
- § 5:8 Violation of statute as criminal contempt
- § 5:9 Attempts to improperly influence judge or jurors as contempt
- § 5:10 Misrepresentation as contempt
- § 5:11 Refusal to testify as contempt
- § 5:12 Publication as contempt
- § 5:13 Contempt proceedings in domestic relations cases

§ 5:14 Right of trial by jury in certain cases of contempt

CHAPTER 6. SELECTION OF THE JURY

- § 6:1 General considerations regarding juries
- § 6:2 Right to fair and impartial jury
- § 6:3 Demand for jury in civil action
- § 6:4 Protection of jurors; anonymous jury
- § 6:5 Advisory jury in equitable action
- § 6:6 Waiver of right to jury
- § 6:7 Juror qualifications and disqualifications
- § 6:8 Selection of persons for jury service: Jury list
- § 6:9 Summoning jurors
- § 6:10 Juror qualification form
- § 6:11 Examination of jurors by judge; excusing excess jurors
- § 6:12 Challenge to jury selection procedure
- § 6:13 Irregularities in selecting or summoning jury panel
- § 6:14 Prejudice or discrimination as basis for challenge to panel or master jury list
- § 6:15 Voir dire examination of prospective jurors
- § 6:16 Challenge of potential jurors for cause
- § 6:17 Juror's prior knowledge of facts of case as basis for challenge for cause
- § 6:18 Juror's acquaintance with witness or victim as basis for challenge for cause
- § 6:19 Challenges for cause in criminal cases
- § 6:20 Scruples against capital punishment in death penalty cases
- § 6:21 Judicial discretion in retention or rejection of venireperson or juror
- § 6:22 Passing a jury for cause
- § 6:23 Peremptory challenges in civil cases
- § 6:24 Peremptory challenges in criminal cases
- § 6:25 Prohibited challenges, generally
- § 6:26 Race-based peremptory challenges—*Batson* challenge
- § 6:27 Peremptory challenge use after denial of challenge for cause
- § 6:28 Alternate jurors
- § 6:29 Additional jurors or talesmen
- § 6:30 Discharge of juror or jury

CHAPTER 7. OPENING STATEMENTS

- § 7:1 Nature of opening statement
- § 7:2 Content of opening statement in criminal cases
- § 7:3 Content of opening statement in civil cases

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 7:4 Charts and exhibits, use in opening statement
- § 7:5 Objections to improper opening statements
- § 7:6 Improper opening statement, effect and relief

CHAPTER 8. ORDER OF PROOF

- § 8:1 Order of procedure in criminal trials
- § 8:2 Order of procedure in civil trials
- § 8:3 Departure from or irregularity in order of proof
- § 8:4 Rebuttal evidence
- § 8:5 Admission of evidence after party has rested
- § 8:6 Exclusion of evidence at particular stage of trial
- § 8:7 Conditional admission of evidence—Evidence Rule 104(2)

CHAPTER 9. BURDEN OF PROOF

- § 9:1 Burden of proof and burden of going forward
- § 9:2 Effect of presumption and *prima facie* case
- § 9:3 Burden of proof in civil cases
- § 9:4 Burden of proof in certain situations or kinds of civil cases
- § 9:5 In *personam* jurisdiction; special appearance abolished
- § 9:6 Setoff or counterclaim burden of proof
- § 9:7 Cross-petition burden of proof
- § 9:8 Medical malpractice burden of proof
- § 9:9 Personal injury or property damage burden of proof
- § 9:10 Contributory negligence burden of proof
- § 9:11 Affirmative defenses in civil cases, burdens of proof
- § 9:12 Summary judgment burden of proof
- § 9:13 Declaratory judgment burden of proof
- § 9:14 Standard of proof or degree of persuasion in civil cases; Greater weight of the evidence
- § 9:15 Other standards in civil cases—Clear and convincing evidence
- § 9:16 Proof beyond a reasonable doubt in civil cases
- § 9:17 Criminal cases—Prosecution's burden of proof beyond a reasonable doubt
- § 9:18 Venue, burden of proof
- § 9:19 Aggravating factors in death penalty cases, burden of proof
- § 9:20 Statute of limitations, burden of proof
- § 9:21 Voluntariness of confession, burden of proof
- § 9:22 Cooperating witnesses in drug cases
- § 9:23 Criminal defendant's burden of proof
- § 9:24 Affirmative defenses in criminal cases, defendant's burden

- § 9:25 Entrapment or government inducement
- § 9:26 Alibi
- § 9:27 Insanity defense; presumption of sanity
- § 9:28 Self-defense, justification or choice of evils defenses
- § 9:29 Facts relating to sentencing
- § 9:30 Circumstantial evidence
- § 9:31 Sex offender conviction standard: clear and convincing evidence
- § 9:32 Extreme deference standard of review for arbitrator's conclusions

CHAPTER 10. PROOF OF FACTS

- § 10:1 Methods of proving facts
- § 10:2 Oral examination of witnesses
- § 10:3 Affidavits
- § 10:4 Affidavits used in summary judgment proceedings
- § 10:5 Depositions
- § 10:6 Videotaped or electronically recorded depositions
- § 10:7 Situations where facts need not be proved at trial
- § 10:8 Pleadings and judicial admissions
- § 10:9 Answers to interrogatories as proof
- § 10:10 Requests for admissions as proof
- § 10:11 Stipulations used to excuse proof of facts
- § 10:12 Pretrial stipulations and agreements
- § 10:13 Pretrial conference stipulations
- § 10:14 Stipulations in court proceedings
- § 10:15 Construction of and weight given to stipulations
- § 10:16 Proffered testimony
- § 10:17 Enforcement of and relief from stipulations
- § 10:18 Inferences drawn from facts
- § 10:19 Law of the case doctrine

CHAPTER 11. WITNESSES

- § 11:1 Duty of witness to attend trial and to testify—Evidence Rule 501
- § 11:2 Subpoena to compel attendance and testimony
- § 11:3 Witnesses in civil cases
- § 11:4 Witnesses in criminal cases
- § 11:5 Endorsement of witnesses on information
- § 11:6 Witnesses from outside state in criminal cases
- § 11:7 Material witnesses in felony cases
- § 11:8 Right of criminal defendant to confront witnesses
- § 11:9 Waiver of right to confront witnesses
- § 11:10 Closed-circuit television used to present testimony

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 11:11 Prisoner as witness
- § 11:12 Subpoena duces tecum
- § 11:13 Intimidating, influencing, harassing or tampering with a witness or the jury
- § 11:14 Right to interview witnesses
- § 11:15 Compensation of witnesses
- § 11:16 Expert witness fees
- § 11:17 Exclusion, separation or sequestration of witness—Evidence Rule 615
- § 11:18 Violation of exclusion or sequestration order by witness
- § 11:19 Swearing the witness—Evidence Rule 603
- § 11:20 Interpreter used at trial
- § 11:21 Credibility of witnesses
- § 11:22 Vouching for another witness
- § 11:23 Defendant as witness
- § 11:24 Coaching of witness
- § 11:25 Unavailability of witness—Evidence Rule 804
- § 11:26 Disqualifying opposing attorney by calling that attorney as a witness

CHAPTER 12. COMPETENCY OF A WITNESS TO TESTIFY

- § 12:1 Competency in general—Evidence Rule 601
- § 12:2 Opinion testimony, competency
- § 12:3 Competency determined by court
- § 12:4 Personal knowledge requirement—Evidence Rule 602
- § 12:5 Witness unable to precisely recall events
- § 12:6 Issues of intent
- § 12:7 Competency objections
- § 12:8 Incompetency hearing, burden of proof
- § 12:9 Felon's competency as witness—Evidence Rule 609
- § 12:10 Jailhouse informer's competency as witness
- § 12:11 Probationer or inmate's competency as witness
- § 12:12 Atheist's competency as witness: religious beliefs or opinions
- § 12:13 Child's competency as witness
- § 12:14 Child victim or child as witness in criminal case
- § 12:15 Person of unsound mind, competency to testify
- § 12:16 Spouse's competency to testify as to confidential communications with other spouse—Evidence Rule 505
- § 12:17 Judge's competency to testify—Evidence Rule 605
- § 12:18 Attorney's competency to testify

- § 12:19 Juror's competency to testify—Evidence Rule 606
- § 12:20 Juror's competency to testify at hearing for new trial
- § 12:21 Expert witness's competency to testify
- § 12:22 Government witness's competency to testify

CHAPTER 13. EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES

- § 13:1 Control of examination by court—Evidence Rule 611
- § 13:2 Judge's interrogation of witness
- § 13:3 Juror's interrogation of witness
- § 13:4 Refreshing witness's memory or recollection—Evidence Rule 612
- § 13:5 Witness's duty to answer questions
- § 13:6 Striking nonresponsive answers
- § 13:7 Direct examination
- § 13:8 Leading questions prohibited on direct examination—Evidence Rule 611
- § 13:9 Hostile witness on direct examination; calling an adverse party as a witness
- § 13:10 Cross-examination—Evidence Rule 611
- § 13:11 Questions on cross examination
- § 13:12 Cross-examination of defendant in criminal cases
- § 13:13 Confrontation clause and self-incrimination
- § 13:14 Effect of denial of right to cross-examine; witness unavailable for cross-examination or refuses to answer
- § 13:15 Cross-examination for impeachment of witness
- § 13:16 Cross-examination of character witness—Evidence Rule 405(1)
- § 13:17 Cross-examination of interpreter
- § 13:18 Cross-examination of government informers
- § 13:19 Redirect examination
- § 13:20 Questions on redirect examination, form and content
- § 13:21 Recross-examination

CHAPTER 14. IMPEACHMENT OF WITNESSES

- § 14:1 Impeachment of witnesses—Evidence Rule 607
- § 14:2 Knowledge, accuracy, veracity and credibility of witness, examination regarding
- § 14:3 Personal interest, hostility or bias of witness
- § 14:4 Ability to comprehend and communicate
- § 14:5 Opinion and reputation evidence of character—Evidence Rule 608(1)—Reputation for truthfulness

TABLE OF CONTENTS

§ 14:6	Specific instances of conduct—Evidence Rule 608(2)
§ 14:7	Cross-examination regarding specific instances probative of truthfulness
§ 14:8	Impeaching credibility of complainant in rape case; rape shield statute
§ 14:9	Impeachment by evidence of prior conviction— Evidence Rule 609
§ 14:10	Crime involving dishonesty or false statement— Evidence Rule 609(1)(b)
§ 14:11	Manner of proving prior conviction
§ 14:12	Time limit for conviction evidence—Evidence Rule 609(2)
§ 14:13	Effect of pardon or annulment—Evidence Rule 609(3)
§ 14:14	Juvenile convictions—Evidence Rule 609(4)
§ 14:15	Effect of pendency of appeal—Evidence Rule 609(5)
§ 14:16	Religious beliefs or opinions—Evidence Rule 610
§ 14:17	Impeachment through evidence of prior inconsistent acts or statements—Evidence Rule 613
§ 14:18	Prior inconsistent statement of non-party not substantive evidence
§ 14:19	Testifying defendant's inconsistent pretrial silence
§ 14:20	Inconsistent testimony at former proceeding or deposition
§ 14:21	Grand jury secrecy
§ 14:22	Non-party's prior inconsistent statement; opportunity to explain or deny
§ 14:23	Party's prior inconsistent statement
§ 14:24	Limitations on use of prior inconsistent statements
§ 14:25	Discredited testimony of parties and witnesses
§ 14:26	Inadmissible statements used for impeachment against criminal defendant
§ 14:27	Duty to disclose exculpatory impeachment evidence in criminal case
§ 14:28	Rehabilitating witness on redirect examination
§ 14:29	Prior consistent statement; allegation of recent fabrication—Evidence Rule 801(4)(a)(ii)
§ 14:30	Subsequent remedial measures as impeachment evidence—Evidence Rule 407

CHAPTER 15. PRIVILEGE

§ 15:1	Privileges—Evidence Rule 501
§ 15:2	Privileged communications
§ 15:3	Privileges in federal court
§ 15:4	Lawyer and client communications—Evidence Rule 503

- § 15:5 Existence of lawyer and client relationship
- § 15:6 Communication between lawyer and client intended to be confidential
- § 15:7 Asserting lawyer-client privilege; motion and protective order
- § 15:8 Waiver and termination of lawyer-client privilege
- § 15:9 Communications to which lawyer-client privilege does not apply—Evidence Rule 503(4)
- § 15:10 Physician-patient privilege—Evidence Rule 504
- § 15:11 Counselor-client privilege—Evidence Rule 504(2)(b); psychotherapists
- § 15:12 Husband-wife privilege—Evidence Rule 505; confidential communication and adverse spousal testimony privileges
- § 15:13 Husband-wife privilege in criminal cases; crimes of violence and crimes against spouse or child
- § 15:14 Circumstances where husband-wife privilege may not be claimed
- § 15:15 Child-parent privilege
- § 15:16 Privileged communications to journalists
- § 15:17 Clergyman or spiritual advisor—Evidence Rule 506
- § 15:18 Political vote privilege—Evidence Rule 507
- § 15:19 Trade secrets privilege—Evidence Rule 508
- § 15:20 Secrets of state and other official information privileges—Evidence Rule 509
- § 15:21 Informer's identity privilege—Evidence Rule 510
- § 15:22 Waiver of privileges by voluntary disclosure—Evidence Rule 511
- § 15:23 Privileged matter disclosed under compulsion or without opportunity to claim privilege—Evidence Rule 512
- § 15:24 Comment on claim of privilege—Evidence Rule 513(1)
- § 15:25 Claim of privilege to be made without knowledge of jury—Evidence Rule 513(2)
- § 15:26 Jury instruction as to claim of privilege—Evidence Rule 513(3)

CHAPTER 16. PRIVILEGE AGAINST SELF-INCrimINATION

- § 16:1 Scope of privilege against self-incrimination
- § 16:2 Compulsory production of evidence
- § 16:3 Compulsion to supply fingerprints, photographs, to write or speak or the like
- § 16:4 Pretrial identification: Compelling accused to exhibit his person; line-up, show-up and photographic identification

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 16:5 Courtroom identification
- § 16:6 Psychiatric examination
- § 16:7 Testimony in probation revocation hearing
- § 16:8 Corporations not authorized to assert privilege against self-incrimination
- § 16:9 Invoking privilege against self-incrimination
- § 16:10 Immunity conferred to compel answer
- § 16:11 Testimony of prosecution witness who invokes Fifth Amendment
- § 16:12 Calling witness expected to invoke privilege against self-incrimination
- § 16:13 Court advising witness of privilege against self-incrimination
- § 16:14 Self-incrimination caution or warning to grand jury witnesses
- § 16:15 Court's ruling upon existence of privilege against self-incrimination
- § 16:16 Adverse inference from invoking self-incrimination privilege in civil cases
- § 16:17 Waiver of privilege against self-incrimination
- § 16:18 —Guilty plea as waiver

CHAPTER 17. JUDICIAL NOTICE

- § 17:1 Judicial notice—Evidence Rule 201
- § 17:2 Adjudicative facts—Evidence Rule 201(1)
- § 17:3 Judicial notice in criminal cases
- § 17:4 Facts not subject to reasonable dispute—Evidence Rule 201(2)
- § 17:5 Facts concerning court, judicial notice of
- § 17:6 Court records, judicial notice of
- § 17:7 Government, officers, and public policy; agency rules and regulations, judicial notice of
- § 17:8 Prevailing law, federal law and legislative history, judicial notice of
- § 17:9 Historical facts, judicial notice of
- § 17:10 Geographic facts and characteristics of places, judicial notice of
- § 17:11 Natural phenomena, judicial notice of
- § 17:12 Matters of common observation or common knowledge and belief, judicial notice of
- § 17:13 Medical and scientific facts, judicial notice of
- § 17:14 Human characteristics as facts not subject to reasonable dispute and subject to judicial notice—Evidence Rule 201(2)
- § 17:15 Law of another state: Uniform Judicial Notice of Foreign Law Act

- § 17:16 Request to take judicial notice not required—Evidence Rule 201(3)
- § 17:17 When judicial notice is required—Evidence Rule 201(4)
- § 17:18 Opportunity to be heard as to judicial notice upon request—Evidence Rule 201(5)
- § 17:19 Judicial notice authorized at any stage of proceeding—Evidence Rule 201(6)
- § 17:20 Jury instructions concerning judicially noticed facts—Evidence Rule 201(7)
- § 17:21 Pleading judicially noticed facts
- § 17:22 Facts not subject to judicial notice
- § 17:23 Proving rules or regulations not judicially noticed

CHAPTER 18. PRESUMPTIONS

- § 18:1 Presumptions defined
- § 18:2 Common-law and federal “bursting bubble” rule
- § 18:3 —Nebraska Evidence Rule 301 as applied by courts
- § 18:4 Analytic framework for understanding “presumptions”
- § 18:5 Presumptions that shift the burden of proof
- § 18:6 Mailing and receipt of letters as a presumption that shifts the burden of proof
- § 18:7 Death presumed after unexplained absence as a presumption that shifts the burden of proof
- § 18:8 Legitimacy of a child as a presumption that shifts the burden of proof
- § 18:9 Evidence that shifts the burden of production of evidence
- § 18:10 Continuance of condition or fact as shifting the burden of production of evidence
- § 18:11 Cause of death not suicide as shifting the burden of production of evidence
- § 18:12 Undue influence in execution of will or deed as shifting the burden of production of evidence
- § 18:13 Inferences or permissive presumptions that may be drawn from evidence
- § 18:14 Inference drawn from party’s failure to call or examine witnesses
- § 18:15 Inference drawn from failure to produce evidence and destruction or spoliation of evidence
- § 18:16 Inference of negligence: *Res ipsa loquitur*
- § 18:17 Irrebuttable or conclusive presumptions—Exclusionary rules of evidence
- § 18:18 Consequences of voluntary and willful acts *as subject to exclusionary rule of evidence*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 18:19 Shared confidences in a law firm as subject to an exclusionary rule of evidence
- § 18:20 Knowledge of board of directors, officers or agents of a corporation as subject to an exclusionary rule of evidence
- § 18:21 Rules assigning initial burdens of proof—Rules of Law
- § 18:22 “Presumption of innocence” as rule assigning initial burden of proof
- § 18:23 Marriage as subject of rule assigning initial burden of proof
- § 18:24 Regularity of conduct or proceedings as rule assigning initial burden of proof
- § 18:25 Regularity of conduct of corporate officers as subject of rule assigning initial burden of proof
- § 18:26 Regularity of conduct of official duties as subject to rule assigning initial burden of proof
- § 18:27 Correctness of judicial proceedings as rule assigning initial burden of proof
- § 18:28 Foreign law as subject to rule assigning initial burden of proof
- § 18:29 Written instruments as subject to rule assigning initial burden of proof
- § 18:30 Knowledge of the law as subject to the common-law and federal “bursting bubble” rule
- § 18:31 Applicability of federal law in civil cases—Evidence Rule 302
- § 18:32 Presumptions against accused in criminal cases—Evidence Rule 303
- § 18:33 Presumed fact in criminal case as an element of the offense or which negatives a defense—Evidence Rule 303(2)
- § 18:34 When presumed fact in criminal case is not an element of the offense or defense—Evidence Rule 303(2)
- § 18:35 Jury instructions regarding presumed facts in criminal cases—Evidence Rule 303(3)
- § 18:36 Other presumptions or instructed inferences in criminal trials
- § 18:37 Flight or intimidation as “conscious guilt” in criminal case
- § 18:38 Situations where presumptions do not apply

CHAPTER 19. ADMISSIBILITY OF EVIDENCE: RELEVANCY AND ITS LIMITS

- § 19:1 Requirement of relevance and competence—Evidence Rule 401

- § 19:2 Admissibility of relevant evidence—Evidence Rule 402
- § 19:3 —Admissibility of evidence on collateral issue
- § 19:4 Exclusion of relevant evidence other than by Evidence Rule 403
- § 19:5 “Connecting-up” evidence as conditional exception to relevance rule
- § 19:6 “Opening the door” exception to relevance rule
- § 19:7 Evidence that will unfairly prejudice the jury—Evidence Rule 403
- § 19:8 Probative value defined
- § 19:9 Unfair prejudice defined
- § 19:10 Evidence admissible for limited purposes: Limiting instruction—Evidence Rule 105
- § 19:11 Negative evidence
- § 19:12 Cumulative evidence
- § 19:13 Character or trait of character evidence—Evidence Rule 404(1)
- § 19:14 Exceptions to Rule 404 regarding character of the accused and the victim
- § 19:15 Evidence of similar occurrences, transactions or conditions; uncharged conduct; prior bad acts—Evidence Rule 404(2)
- § 19:16 Proving intent with other crimes evidence
- § 19:17 Use of evidence of an acquittal
- § 19:18 Procedure for offering other crimes evidence
- § 19:19 Method of proving character; reputation or opinion; specific instances of conduct—Evidence Rule 405
- § 19:20 Evidence of habit or routine practice—Evidence Rule 406
- § 19:21 Evidence of business and professional routines
- § 19:22 Evidence of industry customs and standards
- § 19:23 Subsequent remedial measures—Evidence Rule 407
- § 19:24 Compromise and offers to compromise—Evidence Rule 408
- § 19:25 Payment of medical and similar expenses—Evidence Rule 409
- § 19:26 Guilty plea; nolo contendere; offered plea; withdrawn plea—Evidence Rule 410
- § 19:27 Presence or absence of liability insurance—Evidence Rule 411
- § 19:28 Circumstantial evidence
- § 19:29 Circumstantial evidence in civil actions
- § 19:30 Circumstantial evidence in criminal cases, including evidence of flight

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 19:31 Circumstantial evidence of “state of mind” knowledge or intent
- § 19:32 Prior sexual misconduct—Evidence Rule 414

CHAPTER 20. EXPERT AND OPINION EVIDENCE

- § 20:1 Lay witness opinion evidence: Non-expert opinion testimony—Evidence Rule 701
- § 20:2 Lay opinion rationally based on perception of witness
- § 20:3 Helpfulness of lay opinion: Conclusions from witnesses
- § 20:4 Expert opinions—Evidence Rule 702
- § 20:5 First *Daubert* step: Determining whether witness qualifies as expert
- § 20:6 Second *Daubert* step: Assessing relevance and reliability
- § 20:7 Calling reliability of expert testimony into question; “*Daubert* challenge”
- § 20:8 Basis for *Daubert* challenge: Lack of certainty in expert’s opinion
- § 20:9 Guess, conjecture or speculation not sufficient basis for opinion
- § 20:10 Striking expert evidence lacking factual basis
- § 20:11 Third *Daubert* step: Assistance to trier of fact; helpfulness of expert testimony
- § 20:12 Expert testimony concerning status of the law
- § 20:13 Fourth *Daubert* step: Assessing risk of unfair prejudice
- § 20:14 Appointment of expert for indigent defendant
- § 20:15 Bases of opinion testimony by experts, when revealed—Evidence Rule 703
- § 20:16 Opinion based on facts not in evidence
- § 20:17 Personal knowledge of facts or based on facts testified to at trial as bases of expert’s opinion
- § 20:18 Opinion of expert based on hypothetical questions
- § 20:19 Remedy when sound and reasonable basis of expert’s opinion lacking
- § 20:20 Expert testimony not to be used to introduce inadmissible hearsay
- § 20:21 Opinion on ultimate issue—Evidence Rule 704
- § 20:22 Disclosure of facts or data underlying expert opinion—Evidence Rule 705
- § 20:23 Judge appointed experts—Evidence Rule 706
- § 20:24 Calling expert retained by opposing party
- § 20:25 Discovery about experts: Failure to respond to discovery requests

- § 20:26 Expert evidence in workers compensation court
- § 20:27 Demonstrative evidence used by experts
- § 20:28 —Models and replicas used as demonstrative evidence by expert
- § 20:29 Scientific evidence
- § 20:30 “General acceptance” test under *Frye* superseded
- § 20:31 “*Daubert* test” applied in state and federal courts
- § 20:32 Business and professional conduct, expert testimony
- § 20:33 Cause and effect, expert testimony
- § 20:34 Damages, expert testimony
- § 20:35 Handwriting, expert testimony
- § 20:36 Intoxication and influence of drugs, expert testimony
- § 20:37 Medical experts
- § 20:38 Medical experts concerning mental condition
- § 20:39 Negligence and common knowledge exception
- § 20:40 Questioned documents
- § 20:41 Illustrative experiments
- § 20:42 Ballistic tests and other weapons tests
- § 20:43 DNA evidence
- § 20:44 Criminologist as expert witness: Hair analysis and fingerprints
- § 20:45 Polygraph tests: Lie detectors
- § 20:46 Speed, distance, time and other nontechnical subjects
- § 20:47 Valuation experts
- § 20:48 Weight to be given expert testimony

CHAPTER 21. DEPOSITIONS AND INTERROGATORIES

- § 21:1 Use of depositions in court—Discovery Rule 32(a)
- § 21:2 Use of deposition for impeachment or contradiction—Discovery Rule 32(a)(1)
- § 21:3 Use of deposition of adverse party—Discovery Rule 32(a)(2)
- § 21:4 ——Use of party’s own deposition
- § 21:5 Depositions by person authorized by party—Discovery Rule 32(a)(2)
- § 21:6 Offering part of deposition: Rule of completeness—Discovery Rule 32(a)(4)
- § 21:7 Deposition testimony used after substitution of parties
- § 21:8 Hearsay considerations relating to depositions
- § 21:9 Using deposition testimony of unavailable witnesses, including medical witnesses, hearsay considerations
- § 21:10 Unavailability of witness due to location of witness—Discovery Rule 32(a)(3)(B)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 21:11 Unavailability of witness due to age, illness, infirmity or imprisonment of witness—Discovery Rule 32(a)(3)(C)
- § 21:12 Hearsay considerations regarding depositions—Statement by counsel as to unavailability: Efforts to obtain witness
- § 21:13 Use of deposition of nonparty witness due to exceptional circumstances
- § 21:14 Use of depositions upon agreement; pretrial conference admissions of fact
- § 21:15 Effect of substitution of parties
- § 21:16 Objections to admissibility
- § 21:17 Objections as to notice—Discovery Rule 32(d)
- § 21:18 Objections to relevancy of deposition testimony
- § 21:19 Objections to form of questions or answers of deposition witness
- § 21:20 Objections to transcription of deposition testimony: Motion to suppress
- § 21:21 Weight given to deposition testimony
- § 21:22 Interrogatories used at trial—Discovery Rule 33(b)
- § 21:23 Deposition of witnesses in criminal cases
- § 21:24 Civil rules used in criminal case depositions
- § 21:25 Use of deposition solely for contradiction or impeachment
- § 21:26 Depositions of child victims

CHAPTER 22. REAL AND DEMONSTRATIVE EVIDENCE

- § 22:1 Real and demonstrative evidence, definition and use of
- § 22:2 Admissibility of real and demonstrative evidence
- § 22:3 Admissibility of oral trial testimony or calculations
- § 22:4 Objects or articles—Physical evidence, admissibility
- § 22:5 Authentication, generally—Evidence Rule 901—Chain of custody of physical evidence
- § 22:6 Exhibition of person or body; body fluid samples
- § 22:7 Visual recordings—Evidence Rule 1001(2)
- § 22:8 Use of photograph to illustrate testimony
- § 22:9 Photographs of persons
- § 22:10 Gruesome or inflammatory photographs
- § 22:11 Photographs of victim in homicide or shooting prosecution
- § 22:12 Photographs of places or objects
- § 22:13 X-ray photographs—Evidence Rule 901(2)(i)
- § 22:14 Motion pictures and videotapes

- § 22:16 Maps, drawings, diagrams, displays and models
- § 22:17 Experiments, demonstrations and tests

CHAPTER 23. BEST EVIDENCE OR ORIGINAL DOCUMENT RULE: PROVING CONTENT OF WRITINGS, RECORDINGS OR PHOTOGRAPHS

- § 23:1 Proving contents of writings, recordings and photographs—Evidence Rule 1001
- § 23:2 Requirement of original—Evidence Rule 1002
- § 23:3 Tape recordings
- § 23:4 Admissibility of duplicate—Evidence Rule 1003
- § 23:5 “Original” and “duplicate” defined
- § 23:6 Computer printouts
- § 23:7 Burden to raise issue of authenticity of duplicate
- § 23:8 Situations calling for production of the original document
- § 23:9 Situations not requiring original document
- § 23:10 Admissibility of other or secondary evidence of contents of writing as situation not requiring original document—Evidence Rule 1004
- § 23:11 Evidence of public records—Evidence Rule 1005
- § 23:12 Summaries of voluminous writings, recordings or photographs—Evidence Rule 1006
- § 23:13 Testimony, deposition or written admission of party proving contents of writings—Evidence Rule 1007
- § 23:14 Admissibility of deposition for purpose of impeachment
- § 23:15 Functions of judge and jury—Evidence Rule 1008

CHAPTER 24. PAROL EVIDENCE

- § 24:1 Evidence altering or contradicting terms of written agreement precluded
- § 24:2 Integrated and final writings
- § 24:3 Public records and documents: Acts of public body or court
- § 24:4 Persons affected by the parol evidence rule
- § 24:5 Objection to admission of parol evidence; motion to strike
- § 24:6 Determining whether an agreement is integrated, complete and final
- § 24:7 Exceptions to parol evidence rule
- § 24:8 Collateral matter exception to parol evidence rule
- § 24:9 Subsequent parol agreement or modification exception

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 24:10 Corporate records exception to parol evidence rule
- § 24:11 Construing ambiguous written agreements or reformation, exception to parol evidence rule
- § 24:12 Supplying missing terms to written agreement, exception to parol evidence rule

CHAPTER 25. VIEW OF PROPERTY OR PLACE BY JURY

- § 25:1 View defined
- § 25:2 View in civil cases
- § 25:3 View in criminal cases
- § 25:4 Discretion of judge to allow view by jury
- § 25:5 Conduct of view
- § 25:6 Evidentiary value of views
- § 25:7 Unauthorized view by a juror

CHAPTER 26. DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE, INCLUDING AUTHENTICATION AND SELF-AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

- § 26:1 Documentary evidence defined
- § 26:2 Sound recordings, tape recordings and transcripts
- § 26:3 Documentary evidence in civil cases
- § 26:4 Lack of official record
- § 26:5 Medical reports
- § 26:6 Procedure for offering documents into evidence
- § 26:7 Stipulating to authenticity
- § 26:8 Authentication and identification—Evidence Rule 901
- § 26:9 Judicial notice of statutes and laws and court records
- § 26:10 Court papers and records of another court, authenticating and self-authenticating
- § 26:11 Business records exception to hearsay rule: Regularly conducted activity—Evidence Rule 803(5)
- § 26:12 Letters and correspondence
- § 26:13 Text messages, E-mail and telegrams
- § 26:14 Mortality or life expectancy tables
- § 26:15 Ancient documents
- § 26:16 Photographs, motion pictures, videotapes and other recordings
- § 26:17 Attested or self-authenticated documents—Evidence Rule 902
- § 26:18 Public or official records
- § 26:19 Foreign country self-authentication
- § 26:20 Copy of certified public records
- § 26:21 Documents affecting real estate

- § 26:22 Private writings admissible without proof
- § 26:23 Subscribing witness testimony not necessary—Evidence Rule 903
- § 26:24 Composite reports as evidence

CHAPTER 27. HEARSAY EVIDENCE

- § 27:1 Hearsay prohibited; exceptions—Evidence Rules 801 and 802
- § 27:2 Hearsay and the right to confrontation
- § 27:3 Statements which are not hearsay—Evidence Rule 801
- § 27:4 Prior inconsistent statement of witness
- § 27:5 Prior consistent statement rebutting charge of recent fabrication
- § 27:6 Admission by party-opponent
- § 27:7 Coconspirator's statement: Opposing party's statement
- § 27:8 Attacking and supporting credibility of declarant—Evidence Rule 806
- § 27:9 Hearsay exceptions; availability of declarant immaterial, generally—Evidence Rule 803(1)
- § 27:10 Excited utterance exception—Evidence Rule 803(2)
- § 27:11 Declaration of the existing mental, emotional, or physical condition (state of mind or intent) exception—Evidence Rule 803(3)
- § 27:12 Medical diagnosis or treatment exception—Evidence Rule 803(4)
- § 27:13 Recorded recollections exception—Evidence Rule 803(5)
- § 27:14 Records of regularly conducted activity exception: business records—Evidence Rule 803(6)
- § 27:15 Police reports as business records
- § 27:16 Computer printouts as business records
- § 27:17 Absence of entry in records of a regularly conducted activity—Evidence Rule 803(7)
- § 27:18 Public records and reports exception—Evidence Rule 803(8)
- § 27:19 Records of vital statistics exception—Evidence Rule 803(9)
- § 27:20 Absence of public record or report exception—Evidence Rule 803(10)
- § 27:21 Records of religious organizations exception—Evidence Rule 803(11)
- § 27:22 Marriage, baptismal, and similar certificates exception—Evidence 803(12)
- § 27:23 Family records exception—Evidence Rule 803(13)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 27:24 Records of documents affecting an interest in property exception—Evidence Rule 803(14)
- § 27:25 Statements in documents affecting an interest in property—Evidence Rule 803(15)
- § 27:26 Statements in ancient documents exception—Evidence Rule 803(16)
- § 27:27 Market reports, commercial publications exception—Evidence Rule 803(17)
- § 27:28 Learned treatises exception—Evidence Rule 803(18)
- § 27:29 Reputation concerning personal or family history exception—Evidence Rule 803(19)
- § 27:30 Reputation concerning boundaries or general history exception—Evidence Rule 803(20)
- § 27:31 Reputation as to character exception—Evidence Rule 803(21)
- § 27:32 Judgment of previous conviction exception—Evidence Rule 803(22)
- § 27:33 Judgment as to personal, family, or general history, or boundaries exception—Evidence Rule 803(23)
- § 27:34 Residual or catch-all exception—Evidence Rule 803(24)
- § 27:35 Hearsay exceptions when declarant unavailable—Evidence Rule 804
- § 27:36 Former testimony—Evidence Rule 804(2)(a)
- § 27:37 Statement under belief of impending death: dying declaration—Evidence Rule 804(2)(b)
- § 27:38 Statement against interest, including penal interests—Evidence Rule 804(2)(c)
- § 27:39 Statement of personal or family history—Evidence Rule 804(2)(d)
- § 27:40 Residual or catch-all exception—Evidence Rule 804(2)(e)
- § 27:41 Forfeiture by wrongdoing exclusion—Federal Evidence Rule 804(b)(6)
- § 27:42 Hearsay within hearsay—Evidence Rule 805
- § 27:43 Depositions and interrogatories

CHAPTER 28. DECLARATIONS AND ADMISSIONS

- § 28:1 Declaration and statement defined—Evidence Rule 801(1) and (2); hearsay consideration
- § 28:2 Self-serving declarations—Evidence Rule 403
- § 28:3 Admissions, civil cases—Discovery Rule 36(a)
- § 28:4 Admissions in civil cases: Judicial admissions
- § 28:5 Offers of compromise and settlement—Evidence Rule 408: Offer of judgment

- § 28:6 Payment of bills of injured person as admission—Evidence Rule 409
- § 28:7 Silence as admission in civil case
- § 28:8 Admissions and confessions in criminal cases
- § 28:9 Hearing on voluntariness of admissions and confessions in criminal cases: *Jackson v. Denno* hearing
- § 28:10 Guilty plea as an admission
- § 28:11 Flight or escape as admission
- § 28:12 Plea discussions and withdrawn pleas—Evidence Rule 410

CHAPTER 29. CONFESSIONS

- § 29:1 Confession, generally
- § 29:2 Proof of oral or written confession
- § 29:3 Protection of constitutional rights in obtaining confession
- § 29:4 *Miranda* warnings, when required and how rights invoked
- § 29:5 Public safety exception to *Miranda* rule
- § 29:6 Voluntariness of confession—Coercion and inducements
- § 29:7 Hearing to determine voluntariness—Evidence Rule 104(3)
- § 29:8 Defendant's right to challenge confession's reliability
- § 29:9 Police misconduct rendering confession inadmissible
- § 29:10 Illegally obtained confession admissible for purposes of impeachment
- § 29:11 Codefendants' or accomplices' confessions—*Bruton* issues

CHAPTER 30. SEARCH AND SEIZURE OF EVIDENCE

- § 30:1 Fourth Amendment protection against unreasonable searches and seizures
- § 30:2 Search defined
- § 30:3 Plain view, open field and garbage exceptions
- § 30:4 Probable cause for search warrant: Executing warrant
- § 30:5 Neutral and detached magistrate, warrant issued by
- § 30:6 Affidavit establishing probable cause for warrant
- § 30:7 Particularity requirement of warrant
- § 30:8 Informant's tip as basis for warrant
- § 30:9 Nighttime search with warrant: Any time warrant

TABLE OF CONTENTS

§ 30:10	Emergency or exigent circumstances exception to the warrant requirement
§ 30:11	Incident to arrest exception to the warrant requirement for search and seizure
§ 30:12	Consent search exception to warrant requirement
§ 30:13	Automobile search without a warrant, exception for
§ 30:14	Inventory search of automobile without a warrant, exception for
§ 30:15	Seizure, arrest and detention defined
§ 30:16	“Reasonable suspicion” supporting seizure or detention
§ 30:17	Seizure of property
§ 30:18	Investigatory stop
§ 30:19	Stop and frisk: “Terry stop”
§ 30:20	Traffic stop
§ 30:21	Drug detection dogs
§ 30:22	Hot pursuit
§ 30:23	Arrest without a warrant
§ 30:24	Breaking into dwelling by police: Knock and announce rule and exceptions
§ 30:25	Exclusionary rule and its exceptions
§ 30:26	Fruits of unreasonable search and seizure: Fruit of poisonous tree
§ 30:27	Good faith exception to exclusionary rule
§ 30:28	Inevitable discovery exception to the exclusionary rule
§ 30:29	Foreign police, search by and statements to
§ 30:30	Interception of oral or wire communications
§ 30:31	Suppression of evidence illegally seized
§ 30:32	Suppression of evidence obtained through invalid search warrant
§ 30:33	False statement in affidavit as basis for motion to suppress: “Franks hearing”
§ 30:34	Standing necessary to invoke right against an unlawful search and seizure

CHAPTER 31. OBJECTIONS AND MOTIONS TO STRIKE

§ 31:1	Making of objections and motions to strike—Evidence Rule 103
§ 31:2	Right and duty to object
§ 31:3	Waiver of right to object
§ 31:4	Time for objection
§ 31:5	Demurrer not permitted
§ 31:6	Renewed objection at trial following denial of motion in limine

- § 31:7 Renewed objection at trial following denial of motion to suppress
- § 31:8 Continuing objection
- § 31:9 Nature of objection
- § 31:10 Specific grounds for objection
- § 31:11 General objections
- § 31:12 Exhibits: Objection to all or part of an exhibit
- § 31:13 Offer of proof—Evidence Rule 103(1)(b)
- § 31:14 Timing of offer of proof
- § 31:15 Judge's characterization of proffered evidence; form of proffered testimony
- § 31:16 Hearings on objections outside hearing of jury—Evidence Rule 103(3)
- § 31:17 Motion to strike evidence
- § 31:18 Motion to strike testimony
- § 31:19 Failure to fulfill condition of fact or “connect up” evidence as basis for motion to strike
- § 31:20 Unresponsive or unreasonable testimony as subject of motion to strike
- § 31:21 Expert testimony as subject to motion to strike—Evidence Rule 702
- § 31:22 Time for motion to strike
- § 31:23 Curative instructions

CHAPTER 32. MISTRIAL

- § 32:1 Discharge of jury before verdict
- § 32:2 Oral motion for mistrial
- § 32:3 Grounds for declaring mistrial
- § 32:4 Improper remarks or conduct of counsel as grounds for mistrial
- § 32:5 Juror misconduct as grounds for mistrial
- § 32:6 Failure to respond to interrogatory regarding expert as grounds for mistrial
- § 32:7 Occurrence involving juror outside open court as grounds for mistrial
- § 32:8 Inability of jury to arrive at verdict as grounds for mistrial
- § 32:9 Cumulative misconduct as grounds for mistrial
- § 32:10 Admonition or curative instruction insufficient
- § 32:11 Preserving grounds for mistrial
- § 32:12 Mistrial in criminal cases
- § 32:13 Prosecutorial misconduct as basis for mistrial in criminal case
- § 32:14 Double jeopardy consequences of mistrial—Fifth Amendment considerations

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 32:15 Speedy trial considerations upon grant of mistrial
- § 32:16 Failure to move for mistrial; waiver of right to move for mistrial

CHAPTER 33. DIRECTED VERDICTS

- § 33:1 Directed verdicts in civil jury trials
- § 33:2 Motion to dismiss for want of evidence in nonjury civil bench trials
- § 33:3 Directed verdict in civil jury trial at close of opponent's evidence
- § 33:4 Directed verdict at close of all evidence
- § 33:5 Duty of court to direct verdict at close of all evidence
- § 33:6 Directed verdict of acquittal in criminal cases
- § 33:7 Evidence introduced after motion for directed verdict is denied as waiver of error

CHAPTER 34. CLOSING ARGUMENTS

- § 34:1 Right to make closing argument
- § 34:2 Order of argument
- § 34:3 Content of closing argument
- § 34:4 Improper closing arguments, generally
- § 34:5 Comments on matters not in evidence
- § 34:6 Improper closing arguments by prosecutors
- § 34:7 Objections to argument
- § 34:8 Assessing prosecutorial misconduct in closing argument
- § 34:9 Remedies for improper closing argument

CHAPTER 35. JURY INSTRUCTIONS

- § 35:1 Purpose of jury instructions
- § 35:2 Duty and authority of court to instruct jury
- § 35:3 Nebraska Jury Instructions: Pattern jury instructions
- § 35:4 Jury instructions in criminal cases
- § 35:5 Lesser-included offense instructions and step instructions in criminal cases
- § 35:6 Theory of the defense instruction in criminal jury instruction
- § 35:7 Requested jury instructions
- § 35:8 Time for and manner of tendering requested jury instructions
- § 35:9 Delivery of written instructions by court
- § 35:10 Claim of privilege or right not to testify instruction—Evidence Rule 513
- § 35:11 Oral explanation of written instructions

- § 35:12 Limiting instructions: Accomplice's instructions
- § 35:13 Instructions after jury retires
- § 35:14 Slanted, argumentative or misleading instructions
- § 35:15 Instructions to deadlocked jury
- § 35:16 Objections to instructions

CHAPTER 36. CONDUCT OF JURY

- § 36:1 Rules regarding conduct of the jury
- § 36:2 Conduct of jury after case is submitted
- § 36:3 Communications with jurors
- § 36:4 Juror's exposure to media coverage of trial
- § 36:5 Separation of jury during trial and after submission; sequestration of jury
- § 36:6 Note taking by jurors
- § 36:7 Improper juror conduct in criminal cases
- § 36:8 Juror testimony prohibited
- § 36:9 Improper juror conduct in civil cases
- § 36:10 Discharge of jury or juror for sickness of or injury to juror
- § 36:11 Jurors rehearing portion of evidence or reexamining evidence during deliberations

CHAPTER 37. VERDICT

- § 37:1 Verdict defined
- § 37:2 Objections to verdict forms
- § 37:3 Civil verdicts
- § 37:4 General and special verdicts in civil cases
- § 37:5 Five-sixths verdicts in civil cases
- § 37:6 Defective civil verdicts
- § 37:7 Criminal verdicts
- § 37:8 Polling the jurors
- § 37:9 Impeachment of jury's verdict—Evidence Rule 606(2)
- § 37:10 Setting aside verdict: Judgment notwithstanding the verdict (JNOV)
- § 37:11 Time for filing motion for judgment notwithstanding the verdict (JNOV)

CHAPTER 38. JUDGMENTS AND SENTENCES

- § 38:1 Judgments in civil cases
- § 38:2 Rendition of judgment and entry of judgment in a civil case
- § 38:3 Partial judgment or conditional judgment in a civil case

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 38:4 Rendition of judgment against one of several parties in a civil case
- § 38:5 Consent decree or confession of judgment in civil cases
- § 38:6 Default judgment in a civil case
- § 38:7 Summary judgment in civil cases
- § 38:8 Declaratory judgment in a civil case
- § 38:9 Vacating, changing, setting aside or modifying order in a civil case; amendment or correction of judgment; *Nunc pro tunc* order
- § 38:10 Enforcement of foreign judgments in civil cases
- § 38:11 Sentencing hearing and allocution in criminal cases
- § 38:12 Judgment, sentence and commitment in criminal cases
- § 38:13 Capital sentencing proceedings; death penalty cases
- § 38:14 Appeals in civil cases
- § 38:15 Appeals in criminal cases
- § 38:16 Postconviction relief in criminal cases

CHAPTER 39. MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL

- § 39:1 New trial, defined
- § 39:2 Grounds for new trial in civil case
- § 39:3 Prejudice requirement for new trial in civil case
- § 39:4 Grounds for new trial in criminal cases
- § 39:5 Prejudice requirement for new trial or to set aside judgment in criminal case
- § 39:6 Effect of order for new trial on right to speedy trial in criminal case
- § 39:7 Arrest of judgment
- § 39:8 Filing time for motion for new trial, to set aside verdict or for judgment notwithstanding the verdict
- § 39:9 Preserving grounds for new trial

Table of Laws and Rules

Table of Cases

Index