

Table of Contents

Volume 1

CHAPTER 1. GATHERING AND PREPARING MEDICAL RECORDS FOR ANALYSIS

A. IMPORTANCE OF ANALYSIS

§ 1:1 Importance of record analysis

B. GATHERING MEDICAL RECORDS

§ 1:2 Gathering medical records

§ 1:2.10 Obtaining electronic medical records

§ 1:2.15 Organizing and reviewing electronic medical records

§ 1:2.20 Selecting limited records for initial case screening

§ 1:3 Impact of Federal law (HIPAA) on release of patient records to attorneys

§ 1:4 Additional HIPAA requirements that may interfere with release of records

§ 1:4.10 HIPAA omnibus rule—2013

§ 1:5 Language of record request documents that may avoid HIPAA issues

§ 1:6 Obtaining medical records of minors and conservatees under HIPAA

C. PREPARING HARD COPY (NON-ELECTRONIC) RECORDS FOR ANALYSIS

§ 1:7 How medical records are organized

§ 1:8 Preparing medical records

§ 1:9 Labeling groups of records

§ 1:10 Numbering pages

§ 1:11 Using photocopies and labeling date

§ 1:12 Cutting certain pages apart

§ 1:13 Multiple copies of same page

§ 1:14 Rearranging pages

D. MEDICAL RECORDS ANALYSIS BY ATTORNEYS

§ 1:15 Attorney's brief initial analysis of the medical records

§ 1:16 Other considerations when analyzing medical records

CHAPTER 2. MEDICAL RECORD TYPES AND CONTENT

A. INTRODUCTION TO TYPES OF MEDICAL RECORDS

- § 2:1 Records described in this chapter
- § 2:2 Required types of hospital records
- § 2:3 Physicians who keep hospital records
- § 2:4 Computerized medical records
- § 2:5 Benefits of computerization of records
- § 2:6 Problems with computerization of records
- § 2:6.10 Electronic health record cloning

B. TYPES OF PATIENT MEDICAL RECORDS AND FORMS

- § 2:7 Admitting/registration forms
- § 2:8 Ambulance records
- § 2:9 Anesthesia records
- § 2:10 Blood transfusion forms
- § 2:11 Consent forms
- § 2:12 Consultation reports
- § 2:13 Diagnostic studies
- § 2:14 Discharge summaries
- § 2:14.10 Discharge Summary importance and effects
- § 2:15 Doctors' orders
- § 2:16 Electrocardiograph reports
- § 2:17 Emergency records
- § 2:18 History and physical examination records
- § 2:19 Hospital out-patient clinic records
- § 2:20 Imaging reports
- § 2:21 Labor and delivery forms
- § 2:22 Laboratory reports
- § 2:23 Logbooks
- § 2:24 Microbiology reports
- § 2:25 Nurses' notes
- § 2:26 Nursing audit records
- § 2:27 Nursing cardex
- § 2:28 Nursing graphic records
- § 2:29 Nursing intake and output records
- § 2:30 Nursing intravenous fluid records
- § 2:31 Nursing medication records
- § 2:32 Nursing special records
- § 2:33 Nursing vital signs records
- § 2:34 Office records of primary care physician
- § 2:35 Operation reports
- § 2:36 Other paramedical and allied health progress records
- § 2:37 Pathology reports

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 2:38 Pharmacy records
- § 2:39 Prenatal records
- § 2:40 Progress records
- § 2:41 Radiology reports
- § 2:42 Release against medical advice
- § 2:43 Release of information forms
- § 2:44 Toxicology reports
- § 2:45 Unusual occurrence report/incident reports
- § 2:46 Subject index for patient's records and forms

CHAPTER 3. CHECKLISTS OF RECORDS

- § 3:1 Checklists of health care-related records, documents and evidence
- § 3:2 Checklist of hospital records
- § 3:3 Checklist of medical office/clinic records
- § 3:4 Checklist of special services and products
- § 3:5 Checklist of employment records
- § 3:6 Checklist of official records
- § 3:7 Checklist of insurance records
- § 3:8 Checklist of patient's records

CHAPTER 4. ERRORS AND LEGAL PITFALLS OF MEDICAL RECORD KEEPING

A. INTRODUCTION

- § 4:1 Importance to attorneys of errors and legal pitfalls

B. ADVERSARIAL AND DEFENSIVE RECORDS

- § 4:2 Adversarial and defensive records
- § 4:3 Attacking a medical record as defensive
- § 4:4 Rationalizing a poor medical outcome
- § 4:5 Suggesting unlikely causes
- § 4:6 Patient noncompliance
- § 4:7 Protecting other people
- § 4:8 Defensive wording
- § 4:9 Editorial comments
- § 4:10 Unusual emphasis on legally significant matters
- § 4:11 Late changes in medical records

C. INFERENCES FROM POOR RECORD KEEPING

- § 4:12 Importance of inferences from poor record keeping
- § 4:13 Inconsistent record keeping
- § 4:14 Inadequate record keeping
- § 4:15 Inadequate documentation of relevant history and findings
- § 4:15.10 The basic medical history record

- § 4:15.20 Review of systems history record
- § 4:15.30 Use of history questionnaire forms by clinicians
- § 4:15.40 Example of a history questionnaire form
- § 4:15.50 Past medical history record
- § 4:15.60 Family medical history record
- § 4:15.70 Social and personal history record
- § 4:15.80 Current occupational history record
- § 4:15.90 Physical examination record
- § 4:15.95 Contents of a physical examination record
- § 4:16 Inadequate documentation of actions taken
- § 4:17 Inadequate documentation of thought processes
- § 4:17.10 Patient-reviewable records
- § 4:18 Inadequate documentation of technical requirements
- § 4:18.40 Altered template forms
- § 4:18.70 Incomplete checklists
- § 4:19 Excessively voluminous records
- § 4:20 Poorly organized records
- § 4:21 Illegible records
- § 4:22 Unauthorized abbreviations

D. ERRONEOUS DATA

- § 4:23 Erroneous data
- § 4:24 Inaccurate notation
- § 4:24.10 Use of scribes for documentation
- § 4:25 Uncommon meanings for judgmental words
- § 4:26 Anticipatory record keeping
- § 4:27 Disagreement within medical records
- § 4:28 Delayed documentation

E. ERRONEOUS OPINIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

- § 4:29 Erroneous opinions and conclusions
- § 4:30 Misrepresentation to secure insurance coverage
- § 4:31 Reliance on unreliable data
- § 4:32 Premature conclusions
- § 4:33 Incompetent opinions
- § 4:34 Hostility toward the patient
- § 4:35 Hostility toward another clinician

F. EVIDENCE OF NEGLIGENT HEALTH CARE

- § 4:36 Evidence of negligent health care
- § 4:37 Insufficient frequency of record keeping
- § 4:38 Apparent abandonment
- § 4:39 Failure to sign a telephone or other verbal order
- § 4:40 Failure to countersign records
- § 4:41 Forgetting an incidental medical problem
- § 4:42 Blame by another clinician

TABLE OF CONTENTS

G. HIDDEN RECORDS

§ 4:43 Hidden records

CHAPTER 5. ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

- § 5:1 Nature and use of medical abbreviations
- § 5:2 Interpreting and using the medical abbreviation list
- § 5:3 Medical Abbreviations—A
- § 5:4 —B
- § 5:5 —C
- § 5:6 —D
- § 5:7 —E
- § 5:8 —F
- § 5:9 —G
- § 5:10 —H
- § 5:11 —I
- § 5:12 —J
- § 5:13 —K
- § 5:14 —L
- § 5:15 —M
- § 5:16 —N
- § 5:17 —O
- § 5:18 —P
- § 5:19 —Q
- § 5:20 —R
- § 5:21 —S
- § 5:22 —T
- § 5:23 —U
- § 5:24 —V
- § 5:25 —W
- § 5:26 —X
- § 5:27 —Y
- § 5:28 —Z

CHAPTER 6. MEDICAL BOOKS AND LITERATURE

A. MEDICAL LITERATURE, GENERALLY

- § 6:1 Using the medical literature
- § 6:1.10 Interpreting medical research statistics
- § 6:1.20 Understanding hazard ratios
- § 6:2 Common medical book topic headings
- § 6:3 Medical journals
- § 6:3.10 Reliability of medical research
- § 6:3.20 Terms used to describe quality requirements for medical research
- § 6:3.30 Evidence-based medicine
- § 6:3.40 Expert witness opinions and evidence-based medicine
- § 6:3.50 Researching medical issues on-line

B. GUIDELINES FOR CHOOSING MEDICAL BOOKS

- § 6:4 Choosing medical books generally
- § 6:5 Caveats for choosing medical books
- § 6:6 Value of multiple viewpoints
- § 6:7 Considerations in choosing anatomy books

C. MEDICAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- § 6:8 Topic headings appearing in the bibliography
- § 6:9 Medical bibliography for attorneys

D. SUBJECT INDEX TO FIND BOOK TOPICS

- § 6:10 Subject index keyed to medical book topics

CHAPTER 7. HEALTH PROFESSIONALS

A. PHYSICIAN TRAINING AND SPECIALIZATION

- § 7:1 An overview of medical training
- § 7:2 Medical school training
- § 7:3 Physician postgraduate training
- § 7:4 Practicing physicians and specialists
- § 7:4.1 Prevalence of specialists

A2. LICENSING BOARDS

- § 7:4.15 Purposes and power of licensing boards
- § 7:4.30 The board notification process
- § 7:4.45 The board administrative process
- § 7:4.60 List of common bases for board accusations
- § 7:4.75 Implications of board-ordered probation

B. PHYSICIAN SPECIALTY BOARDS

- § 7:5 Board certified specialties of medicine
- § 7:6 Index of physician ABMS specialty boards that grant certification
- § 7:7 Index of board certified specialties of medicine

C. ALTERNATIVE MEDICINE

- § 7:8 The nature of alternative medicine
- § 7:9 Placebo effect
- § 7:10 The growth of alternative medicine
- § 7:11 Important areas of alternative medicine practice
- § 7:11.10 Homeopathic medicine
- § 7:12 Liability issues relating to alternative medicine

D. OTHER SPECIALTY CERTIFYING BOARDS

- § 7:13 Board certified specialties of pharmacy

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 7:14 Board certified specialties of podiatry
- § 7:15 Other boards certifying health care providers

E. PARAMEDICAL AND ALLIED HEALTH FIELDS

- § 7:16 Paramedical staff
 - § 7:16.10 Midlevel practitioners
 - § 7:16.20 Medical scribes
 - § 7:16.21 Functions of a medical scribe
 - § 7:16.22 General training for scribes
 - § 7:16.23 Specialty training for scribes
 - § 7:16.24 Benefits of using scribes for record documentation
 - § 7:16.25 Training programs for scribes
 - § 7:16.26 Legal implications of documentation generated by scribes
 - § 7:16.27 Use of AI scribes for documentation
 - § 7:16.30 Chaperones
- § 7:17 Nursing staff supervisory hierarchy
- § 7:18 Psychiatric staff supervisory hierarchy
- § 7:19 Clinical laboratory staff supervisory hierarchy
- § 7:20 Specific duties and responsibilities of paramedical staff
- § 7:21 Functions of allied health professionals
- § 7:22 Introduction to lists of paramedical and allied health fields
- § 7:23 Lists of paramedical and allied health fields

F. FIELDS BY AREA OF EXPERTISE

- § 7:24 Health care fields by area of expertise

G. ENCYCLOPEDIA OF HEALTH FIELDS

- § 7:25 Introduction to encyclopedia of health care fields
- § 7:26 Encyclopedia of physician, paramedical, and allied health fields

CHAPTER 8. HOSPITALS

A. UNITS AND DEPARTMENTS OF A HOSPITAL

- § 8:1 Administration of the hospital
- § 8:2 Ambulance service
- § 8:3 Anatomical pathology
- § 8:4 Anesthesia
- § 8:5 Cardiac care unit
- § 8:6 Delivery unit
- § 8:7 Dietary department
- § 8:8 Emergency department
- § 8:9 Floors/units
- § 8:10 Intensive care unit
- § 8:11 Laboratory

- § 8:12 Medical records department
- § 8:13 Medical staff office
- § 8:14 Out-patient department
- § 8:15 Surgical suite
- § 8:16 X-ray or imaging department

B. HOSPITAL MEDICAL STAFF

- § 8:17 The hospital medical staff
- § 8:18 Departments and committees of the medical staff
- § 8:19 Hospital staff privileges

C. HOSPITAL REGULATION AND ACCREDITATION

- § 8:20 Hospital regulation and accreditation
- § 8:21 Ambulatory surgery centers
- § 8:22 Control of quality of care in hospitals
- § 8:23 Risk management department
- § 8:24 Quality assurance department
- § 8:25 Utilization review department
- § 8:26 Medical staff peer review
- § 8:27 Plant technology and safety management
- § 8:28 Other departments with quality of care responsibilities

D. HOSPITAL ATTRIBUTES ARISING FROM ECONOMIC PRESSURES

- § 8:29 Hospitalists
- § 8:30 Assistive personnel
- § 8:31 Early patient discharge
- § 8:32 Hospital-owned skilled nursing facilities
- § 8:33 Hospital closures for profit
- § 8:34 Come and go surgery

E. POST-HOSPITAL CARE

- § 8:35 Skilled nursing and subacute facilities
- § 8:36 Specialty subacute facilities
- § 8:37 Home health care

CHAPTER 9. MANAGED CARE AND THE ECONOMICS OF HEALTH CARE

A. MANAGED CARE ORGANIZATIONS

- § 9:1 Limitations on care imposed by managed care organizations
- § 9:2 Components of managed care organizations
- § 9:3 Types of managed care organizations
- § 9:4 National associations related to managed care
- § 9:5 HEDIS reporting system

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 9:6 Modern business entities related to health care delivery
- § 9:7 Managed care terminology
- § 9:8 Abbreviations used in this chapter

B. MANAGED CARE EFFECTS ON MEDICAL PRACTICE.

- § 9:9 Generally
- § 9:10 Patient satisfaction surveys
- § 9:11 Outcomes analysis
- § 9:12 Site-audits
- § 9:13 Written surveys
- § 9:14 Preventive care
- § 9:15 Office medical/surgical procedures
- § 9:16 Telemedicine
- § 9:16.10 Sensory perception limitations of telemedicine
- § 9:16.20 Telemedicine prescribing
- § 9:16.30 Telemedicine policy of the Federation of State Medical Boards
- § 9:16.40 Risk management issues for clinicians practicing telemedicine
- § 9:17 Gatekeeper roles

C. QUALITY OF LIFE MEASUREMENT

- § 9:18 Components of quality of life measurement
- § 9:19 Quality of life measurement questionnaires
- § 9:20 Purpose for quality of life measurement
- § 9:21 Quality of life-related terminology

D. COST EFFECTIVENESS ANALYSIS

- § 9:22 Introduction and definitions
- § 9:23 Example of litigation arising from a cost effectiveness analysis determination
- § 9:24 Elements of cost effectiveness analysis
- § 9:25 Clinical decisions by physicians about interventions
- § 9:26 Ambiguities in the determination of cost effectiveness analysis
- § 9:27 Standards of care
- § 9:28 The role of managed care
- § 9:29 Physician records and disclosures
- § 9:30 Legal arguments against cost effectiveness analysis

E. ROUTINE PREVENTIVE EVALUATION

- § 9:31 Cost effectiveness of routine preventive evaluation by physicians
- § 9:32 False positive test results
- § 9:33 Managed care impact on routine preventive evaluation
- § 9:34 Common routine preventive evaluation measures

F. PRACTICE GUIDELINES

- § 9:35 Disease management and practice guidelines

- § 9:36 Definitions of practice guidelines
- § 9:37 Sources of practice guidelines
- § 9:38 Reasons why physicians fail to follow practice guidelines
- § 9:39 National organizations for practice guidelines
- § 9:40 Effects of practice guidelines
- § 9:41 Example of a practice guideline
- § 9:42 Attacking practice guidelines
- § 9:43 Conflicts of interest of practice guideline authors
- § 9:44 National Guideline Clearinghouse summaries

CHAPTER 10. MEDICAL NEGLIGENCE

A. MEDICAL NEGLIGENCE LIABILITY THEORIES

- § 10:1 Introduction
- § 10:1.10 Medical ethics violations
- § 10:1.20 Other bases for establishing standards of care
- § 10:1.21 Defensive medicine elevation of the standard of care
- § 10:1.22 Credibility of percipient witness testimony
- § 10:1.30 Content of the Rules and Regulations in medical staff bylaws
- § 10:1.31 Written office or clinic policy manuals
- § 10:2 Diagnostic judgment errors—Failure to consider a diagnosis suggested by the findings
- § 10:3 —Failure to recognize complications of an intervention
- § 10:3.10 Statutes of limitations issues in delayed diagnosis cases
- § 10:4 Diagnostic judgment errors—Failure to obtain sufficient information
- § 10:5 Therapeutic judgment errors—Contraindicated therapy
- § 10:6 —Failure to choose correct intervention
- § 10:6.10 Non-beneficial interventions in response to patient demands
- § 10:6.20 Common causes of clinical decision errors
- § 10:7 Poor performance of a procedure
- § 10:8 Inadequate treatment
- § 10:8.50 In-hospital patient transfer communication errors
- § 10:9 Unavailability or abandonment
- § 10:10 Inadequate warnings to patient/family
- § 10:10.10 Failure to prepare adequate printed handouts for patients
- § 10:11 Lack of informed consent
- § 10:11.10 Delegation of responsibility for informed consent disclosures
- § 10:12 Failure to utilize information obtained from the patient or family
- § 10:13 Inadequate inter-professional communications
- § 10:14 Erroneous inter-professional communications
- § 10:15 Failure to respond to a warning
- § 10:16 Supervision errors

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 10:16.10 Supervisory responsibilities to assure safe practice of mid-level practitioners
- § 10:17 Consultation and referral errors
- § 10:18 Statute violations
- § 10:18.10 Reporting law violations
- § 10:18.11 Scope of reporting laws
- § 10:18.12 Disorders characterized by lapses in consciousness
- § 10:18.13 Applicability of willful blindness to violation of reporting laws
- § 10:19 Elder abuse liability in medical malpractice situations
- § 10:20 Civil actions filed under elder and dependent adult abuse laws
- § 10:21 Medical products usage errors
- § 10:22 Prescription drugs usage errors
- § 10:22.10 Product promotions by manufacturers
- § 10:23 Drug errors—Prescribing errors
- § 10:23.10 —Failure to treat
- § 10:23.20 —Errors in the chronic prescribing of controlled substances
- § 10:23.30 —Measures that may be indicated prior to the chronic prescribing of controlled substances
- § 10:23.40 —Measures that may be indicated during the chronic prescribing of controlled substances
- § 10:24 —Contra-indicated drugs
- § 10:25 —Confusion over drug names
- § 10:26 —Incorrect dosing
- § 10:27 —Illegible prescription/order writing
- § 10:27.10 —verbal orders
- § 10:28 —Dangerous abbreviations
- § 10:29 —Allergies
- § 10:30 —Failure to specify the purpose for the drug
- § 10:31 —Drug interactions
- § 10:32 —Drug administration errors
- § 10:33 —Patient instructions
- § 10:33.10 —Failure to instruct on drug tapering
- § 10:34 —Patient monitoring errors
- § 10:34.10 —Unintentional discontinuation
- § 10:34.20 Hospital nursing negligence liability theories
- § 10:34.30 Clinician errors in communicating with nursing staff

B. RECOGNIZING POTENTIAL MEDICAL MALPRACTICE LIABILITY

- § 10:35 Introduction
- § 10:36 Evaluating damages
- § 10:37 Patient records
- § 10:38 Evaluating medical negligence
- § 10:39 Events triggering suspicion of medical negligence
- § 10:40 Causation problems

- § 10:41 Causation problems in informed consent cases
- § 10:42 Extrinsic factors affecting case value
- § 10:43 Inter-professional criticism within health care
- § 10:44 Probable availability of expert witnesses

C. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS OF SYSTEMS FAILURES IN OFFICE OR HOSPITAL PROCEDURE

- § 10:45 Introduction
- § 10:46 Continuous quality improvement programs—Effects
- § 10:47 —Steps
- § 10:48 —Example
- § 10:49 Personnel management and supervision
- § 10:50 Telephone practices
- § 10:50.10 Email communications with patients
- § 10:50.20 Risks of email or text messaging communications with patients
- § 10:51 Time management and scheduling
- § 10:52 Patient follow-up
- § 10:53 Physical condition of office
- § 10:54 Responding to complaints by patients/families
- § 10:55 Relationships with other health care providers and organizations
- § 10:56 Substitute physicians
- § 10:57 Consultation and referral
- § 10:58 Medications

D. DOCUMENTATION

- § 10:59 Documentation generally
- § 10:60 Health summaries
- § 10:61 Patient questionnaires
- § 10:62 Consistent organization of records
- § 10:63 Structured records and forms
- § 10:64 All patient care-related documentation included
- § 10:65 Prompt documentation of medical information
- § 10:66 Mis-filing of patient records
- § 10:67 Record retention

E. CONSENT AND INFORMED CONSENT PROCESSES

- § 10:68 Generally
- § 10:69 Consent
- § 10:70 Informed consent

F. IMPAIRED PROVIDERS

- § 10:71 Causes of impairment
- § 10:72 Signs of impairment

G. FEDERAL DATA BANKS

- § 10:73 Federal data banks generally

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 10:74 National Practitioner Data Bank
- § 10:75 Healthcare Integrity and Protection Data Bank

H. BOUNDARY VIOLATIONS

- § 10:76 Boundary violations introduction
- § 10:77 Characteristics of clinicians that make them more vulnerable to boundary violations
- § 10:78 Extortion of a clinician by a patient alleging a boundary violation
- § 10:79 The seductive patient
- § 10:80 The vengeful patient or staff member
- § 10:81 Patient or staff member characteristics increasing the likelihood of a boundary violation complaint
- § 10:82 Reducing clinician risks for boundary violations
- § 10:83 Questioning the patient or clinician about an alleged boundary violation

I. INDEX

- § 10:84 Subject index for chapter 10

CHAPTER 11. ANATOMICAL TERMINOLOGY AND DIAGRAMS

A. ANATOMICAL TERMINOLOGY

- § 11:1 Purpose of chapter
- § 11:2 Generally
- § 11:3 Types of anatomy
- § 11:4 Introduction to the list of anatomical terms
- § 11:5 Glossary of anatomical terms
- § 11:6 Anatomical directions diagrams
- § 11:7 Body positions

B. ANATOMICAL SURFACE DIAGRAMS

- § 11:8 Introduction
- § 11:9 Index to the surface diagrams
- § 11:10 Anatomical surface diagrams

C. CROSS SECTIONAL ANATOMY

- § 11:11 Introduction to atlas of cross sectional anatomy
- § 11:12 Key to cross section diagram levels
- § 11:13 Cross sectional anatomy atlas

CHAPTER 12. BONES AND JOINTS

A. JOINT MOTIONS

- § 12:1 Introduction

- § 12:2 List of the joint motions illustrated
- § 12:3 Diagrams of the joints and their motions

B. ORTHOPEDIC TRAUMA TERMINOLOGY

- § 12:4 Generally
- § 12:5 Glossary of orthopedic trauma terms and definitions

C. TYPES OF FRACTURES

- § 12:6 Illustrated list of fracture types
- § 12:7 Additional fracture types with definitions

D. LIST OF BONE AND JOINT INJURIES

- § 12:8 Generally
- § 12:9 Reading the diagram
- § 12:10 Diagnosis and x-rays
- § 12:11 Treatment
- § 12:12 Complications
- § 12:13 Other modes of treatment
- § 12:14 Inconsistencies and variations
- § 12:15 Outline for the list of bone and joint injuries
- § 12:16 Index for the list of bone and joint injuries
- § 12:17 Illustrated list of bone and joint injuries

CHAPTER 13. NERVES AND MUSCLES

A. INTRODUCTION

- § 13:1 Using this chapter
- § 13:2 The neurologic examination
- § 13:2.10 Usual content of a comprehensive neurological examination

B. ORGANIZATION OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM

- § 13:3 Organization generally
- § 13:4 Sensory nerve pathways
- § 13:5 Motor nerve pathways
- § 13:6 The spine and spinal nerve roots
- § 13:7 The cranial nerves
- § 13:8 Cranial nerve I, the olfactory nerve
- § 13:9 Cranial nerve II, the optic nerve
- § 13:10 Cranial nerve III, the oculomotor nerve
- § 13:11 Cranial nerve IV, the trochlear nerve
- § 13:12 Cranial nerve V, the trigeminal nerve
- § 13:13 Cranial nerve VI, the abducens nerve
- § 13:14 Cranial nerve VII, the facial nerve
- § 13:15 Cranial nerve VIII, the acoustic (or auditory or vestibulocochlear) nerve
- § 13:16 Cranial nerve IX, the glossopharyngeal nerve

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 13:17 Cranial nerve X, the vagus nerve
- § 13:18 Cranial nerve XI, the spinal accessory nerve
- § 13:19 Cranial nerve XII, the hypoglossal nerve
- § 13:20 Interference with spinal nerve root function (common disc syndromes)
- § 13:21 The configuration of a peripheral nerve

C. NERVE INJURIES

- § 13:22 Types of nerve injuries
- § 13:23 Sensory nerve injury effects
- § 13:24 Motor nerve injury effects
- § 13:25 Autonomic nerve injury effects

D. SENSORY REFERENCE CHARTS

- § 13:26 Introduction to sensory charts
- § 13:27 Dermatome charts
- § 13:28 Peripheral nerve charts

E. MUSCLES

- § 13:29 Using the table and index
- § 13:30 Caveats
- § 13:31 Abbreviations used in the table and index
- § 13:32 Muscle groups described
- § 13:33 Table of muscles
- § 13:34 Index by muscle, nerve and action

F. REFLEXES

- § 13:35 Reflexes and recorded designations
- § 13:36 Commonly tested reflexes

CHAPTER 14. MEASUREMENT AND CONVERSION TABLES

A. INTRODUCTION

- § 14:1 Generally
- § 14:2 Variations and inconsistencies
- § 14:3 Accuracy of measurement values
- § 14:4 Glossary of measurement units
- § 14:5 Quick conversion tables

B. LENGTH MEASUREMENT

- § 14:6 Length measurement systems
- § 14:7 Length conversion tables

C. WEIGHT MEASUREMENT

- § 14:8 Weight measurement systems

§ 14:9 Weight conversion tables

D. VOLUME MEASUREMENT

§ 14:10 Volume measurement systems

§ 14:11 Volume conversion tables

E. TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT

§ 14:12 Temperature units

§ 14:13 Temperature terminology

F. OTHER MEASUREMENTS

§ 14:14 Area units

§ 14:15 Velocity units

§ 14:16 Pressure measurement units

§ 14:17 Pressure conversion table

§ 14:18 Energy measurement systems

§ 14:19 Radiation measurement systems

§ 14:20 Chemical units

Volume 2

CHAPTER 15. CLINICAL DECISION MAKING

A. INFORMATION SOURCES FOR DIAGNOSIS

§ 15:1 Introduction

§ 15:2 History

§ 15:2.1 History-taking omissions and inaccuracies

§ 15:3 Physical examination

§ 15:4 Risk factors

§ 15:4.2 Using genetic risk scores to predict disease risk

§ 15:4.10 Ethnic, racial and socioeconomic effects on risk factors

§ 15:5 Diagnostic studies

§ 15:5.10 The “omics” revolution

§ 15:6 Clinical course

§ 15:7 Therapeutic trial

§ 15:8 Prevalent infectious diseases

§ 15:9 Omissions in the history-taking process

B. TYPES OF CLINICAL FINDINGS

§ 15:10 Findings that establish the diagnosis

§ 15:11 Findings necessary for the diagnosis

§ 15:12 Findings typical of the diagnosis

§ 15:13 Atypical findings due to biological variation

§ 15:14 Misleading findings

§ 15:15 Erroneous findings

TABLE OF CONTENTS

C. MAKING THE DIAGNOSIS

- § 15:16 Matching findings with classical patterns
- § 15:17 Differential diagnoses
- § 15:18 Codes for diagnoses and procedures
- § 15:19 Example of the diagnostic process
- § 15:19.50 Reverse causality

D. CLINICAL DECISIONS ABOUT DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS

- § 15:20 Introduction
- § 15:21 Benefits of the intervention being considered
- § 15:22 Risks of interventions
- § 15:22.10 The clinical decision to prescribe a drug
- § 15:23 Risk reduction calculations

E. ATTACKING A DIAGNOSIS

- § 15:24 Using an expert's self-serving motives to attack a diagnosis
- § 15:25 A diagnosis to secure an expert witness role
- § 15:26 The same diagnosis to secure repeated expert witness roles
- § 15:27 The same diagnosis to enhance the expert's reputation
- § 15:28 The easy diagnosis to reduce malpractice liability risk
- § 15:29 The expected diagnosis to avoid disagreement
- § 15:30 The easy diagnosis to minimize health care costs
- § 15:31 The initial diagnosis perpetuated despite contrary facts

CHAPTER 16. DIAGNOSTIC TESTS AND PROCEDURES

A. INTRODUCTION

- § 16:1 Using this chapter

B. DIAGNOSTIC STUDIES LISTED IN THE INDEX

- § 16:2 Laboratory tests
- § 16:3 Imaging and nuclear medicine studies
- § 16:4 Other tests
- § 16:5 Use and interpretation of the tests listed in the index

C. INDEX

- § 16:6 Topic list for the index
- § 16:7 Index of organs and organ systems with diagnostic tests and procedures

CHAPTER 17. DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES COMMONLY USED

A. DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

- § 17:1 Amniocentesis
- § 17:2 Arthrocentesis (any joint)
- § 17:3 Arthroscopy (knee)
- § 17:4 Bronchoscopy
- § 17:5 Cardiac catheterization
- § 17:6 Cervicography
- § 17:7 Chorionic villus sampling (biopsy)
- § 17:8 Colonoscopy
- § 17:8.10 Chromocolonoscopy
- § 17:9 Colposcopy
- § 17:10 Culdocentesis
- § 17:11 Cystometry
- § 17:12 Duodenoscopy
- § 17:13 Electroencephalography (EEG)
- § 17:14 Electromyography (EMG)
- § 17:15 Esophagoscopy
- § 17:16 Exercise stress testing for coronary artery disease
- § 17:17 Fetal monitoring
- § 17:18 Fine needle aspiration
- § 17:19 Gastroscopy
- § 17:20 Hysteroscopy
- § 17:21 Joint aspiration
- § 17:22 Laparoscopy
- § 17:23 Laryngoscopy (direct)
- § 17:24 Mediastinoscopy
- § 17:25 Non-stress and contraction stress testing
- § 17:26 Paracentesis
- § 17:27 Percutaneous pleural needle biopsy
- § 17:28 Percutaneous umbilical blood sampling
- § 17:29 Pericardiocentesis
- § 17:30 Pulmonary artery (Swan-Ganz) catheterization
- § 17:31 Pulmonary function testing (spirometry)
- § 17:32 Pulse oximetry
- § 17:33 Sigmoidoscopy
- § 17:33.10 Small bowel capsule endoscopy (SBCE)
- § 17:34 Spinal tap (lumbar puncture)
- § 17:35 Thermography
- § 17:36 Thoracentesis
- § 17:37 Thoracoscopy
- § 17:38 Tilt table testing

B. DIAGNOSTIC EYE SIGNS

- § 17:39 Introduction to diagnostic eye signs

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 17:40 Eye signs that suggest disorders
- § 17:41 Index of disorders suggested by eye signs

CHAPTER 18. NAMED TESTS, SIGNS AND RATING SCALES

A. NAMED TESTS AND SIGNS

- § 18:1 Introduction
- § 18:2 Referred pain
- § 18:3 Functional or non-organic disorders
- § 18:4 Named tests and signs used in diagnosis
- § 18:5 Index headings
- § 18:6 Index organized by type of disorder

B. RATING SCALES

- § 18:7 Introduction to the lists of rating scales
- § 18:8 List of medical rating scales
- § 18:9 Index of medical rating scales by the disorder
- § 18:9.10 List of rating scales for sexual disorders
- § 18:10 List of mental health rating scales
- § 18:11 Index of mental health rating scales by the disorder
- § 18:12 List of neurological disorder rating scales
- § 18:13 Index of neurological disorder rating scales by the disorder
- § 18:14 List of orthopedic rating scales
- § 18:15 Index of orthopedic rating scales by the disorder
- § 18:16 Alphabetic index of all the rating scales

CHAPTER 19. CLINICAL LABORATORY AND TOXICOLOGY TESTS

A. ABOUT CLINICAL LABORATORIES AND TESTING

- § 19:1 Purposes for laboratory testing
- § 19:2 Functional areas of the clinical laboratory

B. EVOLVING TYPES OF TESTS

- § 19:3 Genetic testing
- § 19:4 Genetic disorder prevalence by ethnic group
- § 19:5 Biomarkers
- § 19:6 Viral testing

C. INTERPRETING TEST RESULTS

- § 19:7 Ranges of normal values
- § 19:8 Differences in techniques and measuring units
- § 19:9 Ascertaining clinical laboratory reliability

- § 19:10 Office tests
- § 19:11 Variation and inconsistencies in test results

D. VALUE OF LABORATORY STUDIES FOR DIAGNOSIS

- § 19:12 Introduction
- § 19:13 Baye's Theorem for laboratory test predictive value
- § 19:14 Biological variation
- § 19:15 False negatives and positives
- § 19:16 Laboratory errors
- § 19:17 Likelihood ratio
- § 19:18 Predictive value
- § 19:19 Pre-test probability
- § 19:20 Prevalence
- § 19:21 Random analytic error
- § 19:22 Sensitivity
- § 19:23 Specificity
- § 19:24 Spurious test results
- § 19:25 True-negative and true-positive rates

E. TEST RESULTS FOR DRUGS AND POISONS

- § 19:26 Variations in testing for drugs or poisons
- § 19:27 Protein binding
- § 19:28 Reliability of test values
- § 19:29 Toxicology laboratories

F. LIST OF TESTS

- § 19:30 Caveats for the list of laboratory and toxicology tests
- § 19:31 List of laboratory and toxicology tests

CHAPTER 20. PATHOLOGY FINDINGS AND AUTOPSY

A. AUTOPSY AND BIOPSY REPORTS

- § 20:1 Importance of autopsy and biopsy
- § 20:2 How autopsies are performed
- § 20:2.10 Virtual autopsy
- § 20:3 Content and structure of an autopsy report
- § 20:4 Interpreting an autopsy report
- § 20:5 Terminology generally
- § 20:6 Glossary of pathology terms

B. AUTOPSY FINDINGS LIST

- § 20:7 Content of the autopsy findings list
- § 20:8 List of normal and pathological findings on autopsy

TABLE OF CONTENTS

§ 20:9 Post-mortem eye vitreous analysis findings

CHAPTER 21. DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING STUDIES

A. IMAGING, GENERALLY

§ 21:1 Diagnostic imaging studies generally

§ 21:2 Reasons for false negative imaging studies

B. DIAGNOSTIC X-RAY STUDIES

§ 21:3 Visualizing structures with x-ray

§ 21:4 Computerized axial tomography (CT scan)

§ 21:5 Subtraction angiography

§ 21:6 Diagnostic application of x-ray

C. NUCLEAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING (MRI)

§ 21:7 Visualizing structures with nuclear magnetic resonance

§ 21:8 Magnetic resonance angiography [MRA]

D. DIAGNOSTIC NUCLEAR MEDICINE STUDIES

§ 21:9 Visualizing structures with nuclear medicine studies

§ 21:10 Nuclear medicine diagnostic techniques

§ 21:11 Nuclear medicine isotopes

§ 21:12 Positron emission tomography (PET scan)

E. ULTRASOUND

§ 21:13 Ultrasound, generally

F. MAGNETOENCEPHALOGRAPHY

§ 21:14 Magnetoencephalography, generally

CHAPTER 22. INFECTIOUS DISEASES

A. INFECTION BASICS

§ 22:1 Infection principles and terminology

§ 22:2 Risk factors for infection

§ 22:2.10 Immune system compromise

§ 22:3 Characteristics of severe bacterial infection

§ 22:3.10 Legal implications of diagnosing a reportable communicable disease

B. TYPES OF MICRO-ORGANISMS

§ 22:4 Viruses

- § 22:5 One-celled micro-organisms—Bacteria
- § 22:6 —Fungi
- § 22:7 —Protozoans
- § 22:8 Miscellaneous one-celled micro-organisms
- § 22:9 Many-celled organisms—Parasitic worms
- § 22:10 —Arthropods

C. LABORATORY IDENTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS ORGANISMS

- § 22:11 Generally
- § 22:12 Smear
- § 22:12.10 Mass spectrometry to diagnose pathogenic microbes
- § 22:13 Culture
- § 22:14 Serologic tests
- § 22:15 Molecular diagnostics and pathogen genomics

D. DIAGNOSIS AND TREATMENT OF INFECTIONS

- § 22:16 Treatment of infection as a litigation issue
- § 22:17 Patient history of factors relating to infection
- § 22:18 Patient examination relating to infection
- § 22:19 Choosing an antibiotic drug for infection
- § 22:20 Effectiveness of antibiotics
- § 22:21 Laboratory testing for infection
- § 22:22 Other modes of treatment for infection
- § 22:23 Patient education and follow-up for infection
- § 22:23.10 Sexually transmitted diseases
- § 22:24 Antibiotic resistance
- § 22:25 Biotherapeutic agents
- § 22:25.10 The human microbiome

E. HIV INFECTION AND AIDS

- § 22:26 The cause of AIDS
- § 22:27 Method of transmission
- § 22:28 How AIDS causes infections
- § 22:29 Risk factors common to HIV infected persons
- § 22:30 Clinical course of HIV
- § 22:31 Stages of HIV infection
- § 22:32 Infections that suggest HIV
- § 22:33 Other clinical conditions seen more often with HIV
- § 22:34 AIDS dementia complex
- § 22:35 Other nervous system conditions associated with HIV
- § 22:36 Diagnostic tests—Types
- § 22:36.10 Diagnostic screening
- § 22:37 Diagnostic tests—Cerebrospinal fluid and brain biopsy
- § 22:38 —Interfering factors
- § 22:39 Treatment of HIV—Drugs
- § 22:40 —Drug indications

TABLE OF CONTENTS

§ 22:41 —Drugs used for complications

F. COVID-19 DISEASE AND RELATED LIABILITY

§ 22:42 Introduction to COVID-19 disease
§ 22:43 Evidence in COVID-19 disease cases
§ 22:43.10 Symptoms of COVID-19 disease
§ 22:44 Expert witnesses in COVID-19 disease cases
§ 22:45 Testing and transmission of SARS-CoV-2
§ 22:46 Liability for medical negligence
§ 22:47 Liability for inadequate measures to protect potential victims
§ 22:48 Liability for negligent endangerment of others
§ 22:49 Defenses in COVID-19 disease cases
§ 22:50 Risk factors for severe complications of SARS-CoV-2 infection
§ 22:51 Organ damage and late symptoms associated with COVID-19

CHAPTER 23. ORGANISMS CAUSING INFECTIOUS DISEASES

A. LIST OF ORGANISMS THAT CAUSE INFECTIOUS DISEASE

§ 23:1 Purpose for this chapter
§ 23:2 Organization of the entries in the list of organisms
§ 23:3 Alternate terminology
§ 23:4 Serotyping of specific strains
§ 23:5 List of organisms that cause infectious disease

B. LIST OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

§ 23:6 Introduction to the list of infectious diseases
§ 23:7 List of infectious diseases and their causes

CHAPTER 24. MEDICAL DISORDERS OFTEN LITIGATED

A. INTRODUCTION

§ 24:1 Medical disorders often litigated

B. CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

§ 24:2 Deep vein thrombophlebitis
§ 24:3 Heart disorders
§ 24:3.10 Heart disease
§ 24:3.20 Heart attack
§ 24:3.30 Heart failure
§ 24:3.40 Infectious Endocarditis
§ 24:4 Hypertension
§ 24:4.10 Abdominal aortic aneurysm

- § 24:4.20 Peripheral arterial disease
- § 24:5 Pulmonary embolism
- § 24:6 Stroke

C. CANCER

- § 24:7 Description of cancer
- § 24:8 Glossary of cancer terms
- § 24:9 Avoidable causes of cancer
- § 24:10 Clinical findings with cancer
 - § 24:10.10 Cancer-related gene mutations
 - § 24:10.20 Cancer-related fatigue
- § 24:11 Cancer treatment
 - § 24:11.10 Illegal cancer treatment products
- § 24:12 Cancer prognosis
 - § 24:12.10 Long-term organ damage from chemotherapy
- § 24:13 Causes of death due to cancer
 - § 24:13.10 Breast cancer
 - § 24:13.20 Lung cancer
 - § 24:13.30 Colon cancer
 - § 24:13.40 Prostate Cancer
 - § 24:13.50 Lymphoma
- § 24:14 Legal effects of cancer

D. MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

- § 24:15 Carpal tunnel syndrome
- § 24:16 Fibromyalgia
- § 24:17 Low back injury
- § 24:18 Musculoskeletal injury
 - § 24:18.10 Osteomyelitis
- § 24:19 Osteoarthritis

E. NERVOUS SYSTEM

- § 24:20 Hypoxemia and hypoxia
 - § 24:20.10 Seizure disorders
 - § 24:20.20 Psychogenic non-epileptic seizures
- § 24:21 Insomnia
- § 24:22 Passing out
 - § 24:22.10 Recurrent dizziness
 - § 24:22.20 Recurrent vertigo
- § 24:23 Peripheral nerve injury
- § 24:24 Poor judgment or reasoning
- § 24:25 Recurring headache

F. OTHER ORGAN SYSTEMS

- § 24:26 Appendicitis
- § 24:27 Diabetes mellitus

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 24:27.10 Frailty Syndrome
- § 24:28 Falls causing injury
- § 24:29 Obesity
- § 24:30 Pelvic inflammatory disease
- § 24:31 Sexual impotence
- § 24:32 Stress-induced disorders
- § 24:33 Chronic fatigue syndrome
- § 24:34 Chronic kidney disease
- § 24:34.10 Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
- § 24:34.20 Liver disease
- § 24:35 Miscarriage
- § 24:35.10 Lupus Erythematosus

G. SURGERY

- § 24:36 Surgical factors that can impact litigation
- § 24:37 Decision to recommend surgery
- § 24:38 Disorders that may be contraindications to surgery
- § 24:39 Common surgical complications

CHAPTER 25. MENTAL DISORDERS IN LEGAL ACTIONS

A. EVALUATING PATIENTS

- § 25:1 Introduction
- § 25:2 Causes for change in mental status
 - § 25:2.10 Delirium
 - § 25:2.20 Hallucinations
 - § 25:2.21 Conditions that can cause hallucinations
 - § 25:2.22 Types of hallucinations
- § 25:3 Mental status testing
 - § 25:3.10 Ethnic, language and educational barriers to mental health diagnoses
- § 25:4 Questioning family, friends or co-workers
- § 25:5 Examining the patient
 - § 25:5.20 False memories encountered when taking a history
 - § 25:5.30 Enhancing the ability to recognize false answers
- § 25:6 Psychometric testing
- § 25:7 Neuropsychology testing

B. ANXIETY

- § 25:8 Anxiety as an element of damages
- § 25:9 Diagnosis of anxiety
- § 25:10 Symptoms associated with anxiety and panic
- § 25:11 Disorders caused by anxiety
- § 25:12 Psychiatric disorders characterized by anxiety
- § 25:13 Non-psychiatric causes of severe anxiety

C. DEMENTIA

- § 25:14 Definition and causes of dementia
- § 25:15 Dementia as a factor in litigation
- § 25:16 Identifying and quantifying dementia
- § 25:16.10 Drug effects that mimic dementia
- § 25:16.20 Mild Behavioral Impairment
- § 25:17 Disorders of memory
- § 25:18 Common causes of memory impairment
- § 25:18.10 Factors causing earlier onset of Alzheimer's disease
- § 25:18.20 Parkinson's disease
- § 25:19 Effects of dementia

D. DEPRESSION AND SUICIDE

- § 25:20 Depression and suicide as elements of damages
- § 25:21 Diagnosis of depression
- § 25:22 Symptoms associated with depression
- § 25:23 Signs of depression
- § 25:24 Psychiatric disorders characterized by depression
- § 25:25 Non-psychiatric causes of depression
- § 25:26 Risk factors for suicide and evidence of suicidality

E. FITNESS TO DRIVE

- § 25:27 Introduction and liability considerations
- § 25:28 Possible legal duties of the physician applying to fitness to drive
- § 25:29 Categories of disorders affecting fitness to drive
- § 25:29.10 Sedating psychiatric medications that can impair driving

F. HEAD INJURY

- § 25:30 Introduction to head injury
- § 25:31 How brain injury occurs
- § 25:32 Types of brain injury caused by head trauma
- § 25:33 Subsequent trauma and second impact syndrome
- § 25:34 Early predictive tests for prognosis
- § 25:35 Recognizing brain injury
- § 25:36 Symptoms of brain injury
- § 25:36.10 Chronic traumatic encephalopathy as a late effect of brain injury
- § 25:37 Cognitive impairment from minor injuries
- § 25:38 Psychometric and neuropsychological testing
- § 25:39 Experts in brain injury cases

G. NON-ORGANIC SYMPTOMS CAUSING DISABILITY

- § 25:40 Recognizing organic and non-organic symptoms causing disability

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 25:41 Causes of unexpected prolonged disability
- § 25:41.10 Malingering
- § 25:41.20 Malingering in psychiatric patients
- § 25:42 History and physical examination
- § 25:43 Tests and signs used during physical examination
- § 25:44 Terms that mean non-organic symptoms
- § 25:45 Mental disorders which produce non-organic symptoms
- § 25:46 Characteristics of patients with non-organic symptoms
- § 25:47 Mental disorders associated with non-organic symptoms
- § 25:48 Somatization disorder
- § 25:49 Symptoms often associated with psychiatric disorders

H. PARANOIA

- § 25:50 Paranoia generally
- § 25:51 Causes of paranoia
- § 25:51.10 Mental disorders and Axis level coding

I. POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER

- § 25:52 The nature of post-traumatic stress disorder
- § 25:53 Causes of post-traumatic stress disorder
- § 25:54 Symptoms of post-traumatic stress disorder
- § 25:54.10 Prolonged duress stress disorder (PDSD)

J. PSEUDONEUROLOGIC SYNDROMES

- § 25:55 Definition of pseudoneurologic syndromes
- § 25:56 Distinguishing pseudoneurologic syndromes from organic disorders
- § 25:57 Pseudosensory syndromes
- § 25:58 Pseudoparalysis
- § 25:59 Pseudoseizures

K. PERSONALITY DISORDERS

- § 25:60 Personality disorders generally
- § 25:61 Common litigation-related behaviors involving clients with personality disorders
- § 25:62 Types of personality disorders
- § 25:63 Diagnosis of personality disorders
- § 25:64 Risk factors for personality disorders
- § 25:65 General symptoms of personality disorders
- § 25:66 Common complications of personality disorders
- § 25:67 Organization of personality disorders
- § 25:68 Prevalence of personality disorders
- § 25:69 Antisocial (sociopathic) personality disorder
- § 25:69.50 Identifying antisocial personality disorder in a party or witness.
- § 25:70 Avoidant personality disorder
- § 25:71 Borderline personality disorder

- § 25:71.10 Identifying borderline personality disorder in a party or witness
- § 25:72 Dependant personality disorder
- § 25:73 Histrionic personality disorder
- § 25:74 Narcissistic personality disorder
- § 25:74.50 Comments raising the suspicion of narcissistic personality disorder
- § 25:75 Obsessive-compulsive personality disorder
- § 25:76 Paranoid personality disorder
- § 25:77 Schizoid personality disorder
- § 25:78 Schizotypal personality disorder
- § 25:79 Index of complications of personality disorders
- § 25:80 Index of symptoms of personality disorders
- § 25:81 Intermittent explosive disorder
- § 25:82 Conduct disorder
- § 25:82.10 Psychosis
- § 25:82.20 Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder
- § 25:82.30 Schizophrenia

L. BIPOLAR DISORDER

- § 25:83 Bipolar disorder
- § 25:84 Bipolar disorder types
- § 25:85 Criteria for diagnosis of bipolar disorder
- § 25:86 Other findings that support a diagnosis of bipolar disorder
- § 25:87 Other disorders commonly diagnosed in patients who have bipolar disorder
- § 25:88 Bipolar disorder in minors
- § 25:89 Treatment of bipolar disorder

M. SLEEP DEPRIVATION

- § 25:90 Sleep deprivation causes
- § 25:91 Narcolepsy
- § 25:92 Sleep deprivation in night shift workers
- § 25:93 Sleep hygiene
- § 25:94 Diminished cognitive function caused by sleep deprivation

CHAPTER 26. PAIN

A. INTRODUCTION

- § 26:1 Introduction to pain
- § 26:2 Measures used to control chronic pain
- § 26:3 Pain clinics
- § 26:4 Patient education on pain management

B. TYPES AND NATURE OF PAIN

- § 26:5 Reasons for pain complaints

TABLE OF CONTENTS

§ 26:6	Distinguishing “suffering” from “pain”
§ 26:7	Motives for alleging chronic pain
§ 26:8	Types of pain
§ 26:8.10	Complex regional pain syndrome (CRPS)
§ 26:9	Types of pain caused by prolonged chronic pain
§ 26:10	Subjective response to pain
§ 26:10.10	Relation between pain and depression
§ 26:10.20	Effects of chronic pain on depression
§ 26:10.30	Effects of depression on chronic pain
§ 26:11	Characterizing pain
§ 26:12	Example characterizing abdominal pain
§ 26:13	Effects of acute pain
§ 26:14	Effects of chronic pain
§ 26:15	Chronic pain syndrome

C. MEASURING PAIN

§ 26:16	Physician bases for measuring pain
§ 26:16.10	Estimating pain as part of a patient history
§ 26:17	Obtaining a detailed pain history
§ 26:18	Corroborating histories from family members or others
§ 26:18.10	Non-verbal evidence of pain
§ 26:19	Analgesic drug usage as a measure of pain
§ 26:19.10	Controlled substance state monitoring systems
§ 26:20	Changes in usual daily activities as a measure of pain
§ 26:21	Effect on mental state as a measure of pain
§ 26:22	Using a pain journal to measure pain
§ 26:23	Rating scales that measure pain

D. PAIN DRUGS

§ 26:24	Introduction
§ 26:25	Reasons why pain is often inadequately controlled
§ 26:26	Types of analgesic drugs
§ 26:26.10	Acetaminophen overdose causing liver failure
§ 26:26.20	Legal implications of acetaminophen overdose
§ 26:26.30	Common sources of acetaminophen
§ 26:26.40	Charts of narcotic pain drugs
§ 26:26.50	Narcotic/opioid pain drugs
§ 26:27	Drug dosages
§ 26:27.10	List of systemic analgesic (pain) drugs
§ 26:28	Adjuvant pain drugs
§ 26:29	List of adjuvant pain drugs not classified as analgesics
§ 26:29.10	Cannabidiol (CBD) used to treat pain

E. CHRONIC PAIN EXPERTS

§ 26:30	Medical experts on chronic pain
§ 26:31	Pain management subspecialties

CHAPTER 27. EXPERT WITNESSES AND CONSULTANTS

A. MEDICAL EXPERTS

- § 27:1 Consultants and witnesses
- § 27:2 Locating medical experts
- § 27:3 Preparing medical records for review by an expert

B. CONSULTANTS

- § 27:4 Medical consultants and consultations: generally
- § 27:5 Preparation by a consultant for a settlement conference
- § 27:6 Possible functions of consultants
- § 27:7 Communicating with consultants

C. EXPERT WITNESSES

- § 27:8 Approaching prospective expert witnesses
- § 27:9 Potential vulnerability of expert witnesses to licensing boards
 - § 27:9.20 Expert witnesses obtained through procurement agencies
 - § 27:9.30 Other expert witness issues that may suggest bias and decrease witness credibility
 - § 27:9.50 Expert witness violations of ethical guidelines of professional societies
- § 27:10 Expert witness preparation—Generally
- § 27:11 —Plaintiff’s witnesses in medical negligence cases
- § 27:12 —Defense witnesses in medical negligence cases
- § 27:13 —Explaining the concept of “truth”
- § 27:14 —Explaining the adversary system
- § 27:15 —Explaining the role of the medical witness
- § 27:16 —Describing the non-compliant witness
- § 27:17 Patients that doctors hate
 - § 27:17.10 Bias against patients who are a danger to others
 - § 27:17.20 Bias against patients whose own negligence or immature behavior is responsible for some of their medical problems
 - § 27:17.30 Bias against patients whose neuroses make treatment efforts time-consuming and futile
 - § 27:17.40 Bias against patients who have a concurrent psychiatric disorder that interferes with treatment of the physical disorder
 - § 27:17.50 Bias against patients who claim illness for secondary gain
 - § 27:17.60 Bias against patients who show general lack of confidence in physicians or medical science
 - § 27:17.70 Bias against patients for whom no long-term benefit is likely
 - § 27:17.80 Bias against patients with personalities that physicians are likely to dislike
- § 27:18 Reducing expert witness bias against patients
- § 27:19 Introduction to guide questionnaire for clinician testimony

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 27:20 Contents of guide questionnaire
- § 27:21 Guide questionnaire for clinician testimony
- § 27:21.10 Subject index for guide questionnaire

D. CONSULTANT REPORTS

- § 27:22 Format and content of a medical consultant's report
- § 27:23 Minimizing costs for medical consultant services
- § 27:24 Introductory information—Brief statement of case
- § 27:25 —Records reviewed
- § 27:26 —Records missing
- § 27:27 —Chronological overview
- § 27:28 Primary analysis—Medical record analysis
- § 27:29 —Chart of diagnostic findings
- § 27:30 Documentation irregularities—Possible altered record
- § 27:31 —Analysis of unusual terminology
- § 27:32 Special records—Autopsy report
- § 27:33 —Laboratory correlation chart
- § 27:34 —Drug correlation chart
- § 27:35 —Textbook descriptions
- § 27:36 —Practice guidelines
- § 27:37 —Drug package insert
- § 27:38 Medical conclusions—Pathology or pathologic chronology
- § 27:39 —Discussion of medical events
- § 27:40 —Additional considerations to be investigated
- § 27:41 Legal analysis—Bad case letter or telephone call
- § 27:42 —Advocate's position
- § 27:43 —Damages
- § 27:44 —Negligence
- § 27:45 —Causation
- § 27:46 —Defenses
- § 27:47 —Merit scale
- § 27:48 —Deposition preparation
- § 27:49 —Deposition analysis
- § 27:50 —Interrogatories analysis
- § 27:51 Legal tactics—Legal caveats
- § 27:52 —Experts needed
- § 27:53 —Planning demonstrative evidence

CHAPTER 28. DAMAGES

A. IDENTIFYING ADDITIONAL DAMAGES THEORIES

- § 28:1 Introduction
- § 28:2 Damages based on systemic disorders
- § 28:3 Damages based on chronic pain
- § 28:4 Damages based on drug use
- § 28:4.10 Damages based on cancer and cancer treatment
- § 28:4.20 Damages based on late complications of radiation therapy

- § 28:5 Damages based on infection risk
- § 28:6 Damages based on musculoskeletal structures
- § 28:7 Damages based on the cardiovascular system
- § 28:8 Damages based on major organ damage
- § 28:9 Damages based on the lung damage
- § 28:10 Damages based on the central nervous system
- § 28:10.11 Damages based on smell/taste abnormalities
- § 28:10.50 Damages based on partial vision loss
- § 28:11 Damages based on the abdomen and the gastrointestinal system
- § 28:12 Damages based on the skin
- § 28:13 Damages based on psychiatric injuries
- § 28:13.10 Damages based on sleep deprivation
- § 28:13.20 Causes of sleep disorders
- § 28:14 Damages based on caregiver strain
- § 28:15 Risk of physical injury due to a chronic impairment
- § 28:15.20 Damages allegations based on impaired activities of daily living
- § 28:15.50 Harm due to exercise impairment

B. IMPACT ON DAMAGES OF OCCUPATIONAL MEDICINE PHYSICIANS

- § 28:16 Occupational medicine implications for litigation
- § 28:17 Failure to determine the employee's actual job tasks
- § 28:18 Failure to properly evaluate the employee's medical problem
- § 28:19 Failure to use an appropriate multi-disciplinary rehabilitation program
- § 28:20 Failure to correctly determine appropriate circumstances for return to work
- § 28:21 Failure to determine correct level of activity
- § 28:22 Inadequate instruction on job restrictions
- § 28:23 Failure to monitor employee response after return to work

CHAPTER 29. GREAT BODILY INJURY IN CRIMINAL AND FAMILY LAW

- § 29:1 Introduction
- § 29:1.10 Assessing violence risk
- § 29:1.20 Characteristics of anti-social personality disorder
- § 29:1.30 Violence risk in psychotic disorders
- § 29:1.40 Violence risk in minors and young adults with behavior disorders
- § 29:2 The occupational connection
- § 29:3 Skin manifestations of violence
- § 29:3.10 Bruise characteristics used to reconstruct trauma
- § 29:4 Long-term sequelae of skin injuries
- § 29:5 Types of skin wounds
- § 29:6 Aggravating factors for skin trauma
- § 29:7 Major organ injury from violence

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 29:8 Brain injury from violence
- § 29:9 Extremity injuries from violence—Fractures
- § 29:10 —Joint injuries
- § 29:11 —Nerve injuries
- § 29:12 —Muscle, tendon and ligament injuries
- § 29:13 —Arterial injuries
- § 29:14 —Vein injuries
- § 29:15 Eye injuries from violence
- § 29:16 Back and neck injuries from violence
- § 29:17 Medication effects
- § 29:18 Psychiatric disorders triggered or aggravated by violence

CHAPTER 30. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

- § 30:1 Description of domestic violence
- § 30:2 Risk factors for domestic violence
- § 30:3 Physician skills in identifying domestic violence
- § 30:3.20 Bruising patterns for evaluation of child physical abuse
- § 30:3.50 Evaluation of child physical abuse
- § 30:4 Physician reluctance to identify domestic violence
- § 30:5 Characteristics of domestic violence
- § 30:6 X-ray findings typical of child abuse
- § 30:6.20 Delay in treatment as a characteristic of child abuse
- § 30:6.50 Intracranial and retinal imaging findings typical of child abuse
- § 30:7 Taking an effective history for domestic violence
- § 30:7.10 Taking a history for elder abuse
- § 30:7.20 Indexes and scales used to identify elder abuse
- § 30:7.30 Elements of elder abuse
- § 30:8 Finding additional medical injuries
- § 30:8.10 Long-term injuries from child abuse and from legal interference with parental attachment
- § 30:8.20 Findings showing an increased likelihood of psychopathic and violent criminal behaviors
- § 30:8.30 Chart of signs of increased likelihood of psychopathic and violent criminal behaviors
- § 30:9 Medical experts to use in domestic violence cases
- § 30:10 Issues addressed by medical expert testimony in domestic violence cases
- § 30:11 Bias of medical experts in domestic violence cases
- § 30:12 Finding medical experts in domestic violence cases
- § 30:13 Incompetent expert testimony in domestic violence cases
- § 30:14 Erroneous child abuse diagnoses
- § 30:15 Child abuse diagnoses and osteogenesis imperfecta

CHAPTER 31. NON-COMPLIANCE

A. MEDICAL NON-COMPLIANCE BY PATIENTS

- § 31:1 Introduction to patient non-compliance
- § 31:2 Investigation and proof of non-compliance

- § 31:3 Non-compliance and malingering
- § 31:4 Potentially defensible reasons for patient non-compliance
- § 31:5 Causation issues for non-compliance theories
- § 31:6 The health provider's responsibility for preventing non-compliance
- § 31:6.10 Checklist of patient risk factors for non-compliance
- § 31:7 Forms of medical non-compliance
- § 31:8 Non-compliance among elderly patients

B. DEALING WITH DIFFICULT CLIENTS

- § 31:9 Introduction
- § 31:10 Managing a client's anger at the attorney
- § 31:11 Client non-compliance
 - § 31:11.30 The Ideologically Stubborn Client
 - § 31:11.70 Inaccurate witness testimony
- § 31:12 Inaccurate history from the client
- § 31:13 Delays in the litigation process
- § 31:14 Telephone interactions
- § 31:15 Interference by family members
- § 31:16 Internet and other sources of inaccurate legal information
- § 31:17 Comments by prior or associated attorneys

C. CLIENT INSTRUCTIONS AND SYMPTOM JOURNAL

- § 31:18 Introduction
- § 31:19 Medical compliance instructions for clients
- § 31:20 Client's symptom journal

D. DRAWING OUT A FAVORABLE MEDICAL HISTORY FROM A WITNESS

- § 31:21 Introduction
- § 31:22 Example

Volume 3

CHAPTER 32. POISONING

A. PROVING POISONING

- § 32:1 Introduction
- § 32:2 Headings for list of findings due to poisoning
- § 32:3 Tissue and autopsy findings due to poisoning
- § 32:4 Experts in acute poisoning and overdose
- § 32:5 Clinical findings in acute poisoning and overdose

B. PESTICIDE POISONING

- § 32:6 Classes of pesticides associated with poisoning

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 32:7 Organophosphate pesticide poisoning symptoms
- § 32:8 Organophosphate pesticide chemicals
- § 32:9 Carbamate pesticide poisoning symptoms
- § 32:10 Carbamate pesticide chemicals
- § 32:11 Organochlorine pesticide poisoning symptoms
- § 32:12 Organochlorine pesticide chemicals
- § 32:13 Pyrethrins/pyrethroids (biocides) pesticide poisoning symptoms
- § 32:14 Pyrethrin and pyrethroid chemicals

C. SPECIFIC POISONS

- § 32:15 Effects of specific poisons

CHAPTER 33. SUBSTANCE ABUSE IN WITNESSES AND PARTIES

A. SUBSTANCE ABUSE GENERALLY

- § 33:1 Introduction to substance abuse
- § 33:2 Tactics used to improperly obtain prescription drugs
- § 33:3 Impact of a suspected drug abuse history on the plaintiff's case
- § 33:4 Confusing factors
- § 33:5 Definitions of terms
- § 33:6 Eye signs occurring with substance abuse

B. ADDICTION

- § 33:7 Addiction generally
- § 33:7.10 Withdrawal symptoms of opioid addiction
- § 33:8 Clinical signs of addiction and of methamphetamine use
- § 33:8.10 Amphetamine drug charts
- § 33:9 Laboratory findings suggesting addiction
- § 33:9.10 Urine testing to assess opioid use
- § 33:10 History and behavior
- § 33:10.10 Life circumstances and habits associated with increased risk of drug abuse
- § 33:10.20 Patterns of drug use implying drug abuse
- § 33:10.30 Medical symptoms associated with drug abuse
- § 33:10.40 Medical signs associated with drug seeking
- § 33:10.50 Psychiatric symptoms associated with drug abuse
- § 33:10.60 History from the patient that implies drug abuse
- § 33:10.70 Manipulative patient behaviors implying drug seeking
- § 33:10.80 Past medical history implying drug abuse
- § 33:11 Physical disorders commonly associated with substance abuse
- § 33:12 Barriers to recognizing substance abuse in the elderly

C. SUBSTANCE ABUSE IN PREGNANCY

- § 33:13 Generally

- § 33:14 Effects of abuse substances taken during pregnancy
- § 33:15 Clinical signs in newborn
- § 33:16 Placental barrier
- § 33:17 Cocaine during pregnancy
- § 33:18 Opiates during pregnancy

D. COCAINE

- § 33:19 Form and absorption of cocaine
- § 33:20 Initial symptoms of cocaine intoxication
- § 33:21 Later symptoms of cocaine intoxication
- § 33:22 Symptoms associated with high doses of cocaine
- § 33:23 Symptoms associated with chronic use of cocaine
- § 33:24 Medical complications of cocaine
- § 33:24.10 Medical complications of levamisole additive to cocaine
- § 33:25 Addictive nature of cocaine

E. BARBITURATE DRUGS

- § 33:26 Barbiturates generally
- § 33:27 List of barbiturate drugs

F. BENZODIAZEPINE DRUGS

- § 33:28 Benzodiazepines generally
- § 33:29 List of benzodiazepine drugs
- § 33:30 Symptoms of intoxication
- § 33:31 Withdrawal effects

G. OTHER ABUSE DRUGS

- § 33:32 Index of street names for abuse and prescription drugs
- § 33:33 Toxicity of synthetic cathinone (“Bath salt”) abuse
- § 33:34 Toxicity of PCP (“Angel dust”) abuse
- § 33:35 Toxicity of MDMA (“Ecstasy”) abuse
- § 33:36 Toxicity of gamma-hydroxybutyrate (“GHB”) abuse
- § 33:37 Toxicity of marijuana abuse
- § 33:38 Medicinal marijuana medical indications and toxicity risk
- § 33:38.10 Medicinal marijuana components table
- § 33:39 Xylazine contamination

CHAPTER 34. ALCOHOLISM AND LIVER INJURY

A. IDENTIFYING ALCOHOL ABUSE

- § 34:1 Proving chronic alcoholism
- § 34:2 Questioning patients about alcohol abuse
- § 34:3 History findings that support alcohol abuse

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 34:4 Association between mental disorders and alcohol abuse
- § 34:5 Physical findings suggesting alcohol abuse
- § 34:6 Laboratory findings with alcoholic liver disease
- § 34:7 Autopsy and biopsy evidence of chronic alcoholism
- § 34:8 Autopsy/biopsy findings with early alcoholic liver disease
- § 34:9 Autopsy/biopsy findings with late alcoholic liver disease

B. COMPLICATIONS OF ALCOHOL ABUSE

- § 34:10 Differences in alcohol effects between men and women
- § 34:10.10 Serious Disorders associated with chronic alcohol abuse
- § 34:11 Alcohol during pregnancy
- § 34:12 Fetal alcohol syndrome
- § 34:13 Risk factors for suicide in chronic alcoholics
- § 34:14 Effects of alcohol on sleep
- § 34:15 Medical effects of cirrhosis

C. ALCOHOL WITHDRAWAL SYNDROMES

- § 34:16 Alcohol withdrawal syndromes generally
- § 34:17 Timing of alcohol withdrawal syndromes
- § 34:18 Symptoms of alcohol withdrawal syndromes
- § 34:18.10 Delirium Tremens

D. DRUGS AND LIVER INJURY

- § 34:19 Toxic liver injury by drugs and chemicals
- § 34:20 Effects of liver damage on drug use
- § 34:21 Drugs, poisons and herbal medicines that cause liver injury

CHAPTER 35. FOOD-RELATED MEDICAL EFFECTS AND DRUG INTERACTIONS

- § 35:1 Introduction to food-related effects
- § 35:2 Effects of food on the body
- § 35:3 Factors affecting food interactions with drugs and diseases
- § 35:3.10 Energy drinks
- § 35:4 List of foods associated with medical effects
- § 35:5 Grapefruit effects on drugs
- § 35:6 List of drugs that may interact with foods

CHAPTER 36. HERB-RELATED MEDICAL EFFECTS AND DRUG INTERACTIONS

- § 36:1 Introduction to herbal medicines
- § 36:2 Sources of information on herbal medicines
- § 36:3 Poisoning from herbal medicines
- § 36:3.10 List of possible dangerous attributes of herbal medicines
- § 36:4 Impact of herbal medicines on litigation

- § 36:5 Interactions between herbal medicines and prescription medicines
- § 36:6 List of medicinal herbs associated with toxic effects
- § 36:6.50 List of medicinal herbs and supplements specifically associated with liver injury
- § 36:7 List of vitamins and minerals associated with toxic effects
- § 36:8 Contaminated dietary supplements for sexual enhancement
- § 36:9 Contaminated dietary supplements for weight loss

CHAPTER 37. TOBACCO-RELATED INJURY IN LITIGATION

- § 37:1 Introduction
- § 37:2 Examples of tobacco-related injury information in litigation
- § 37:3 Prejudicial effects from cigarette smoking
- § 37:4 Illnesses from exposure to cigarette smoke
- § 37:4.10 List of disorders due to cigarette exposure arranged by organ or body region
- § 37:4.20 Alphabetical List of disorders associated with tobacco exposure
- § 37:5 Second-hand smoke
- § 37:6 Tobacco use and medications
- § 37:7 Physician duties to patients exposed to tobacco smoke

CHAPTER 38. UNDERSTANDING DRUGS AND DRUG EFFECTS

A. DRUG BASICS

- § 38:1 Drug terminology
- § 38:2 Factors influencing drug effects
- § 38:2.10 Counterfeit and reduced potency drugs
- § 38:2.11 Internet drugs found to contain dangerous contaminants
- § 38:2.12 Internet salves and ointments found to be dangerous
- § 38:2.20 Age-related drug effects
- § 38:2.21 Benzodiazepine prescribing in the elderly
- § 38:2.22 Drugs that should be used with caution or not at all in the elderly
- § 38:2.30 Internet drugs found to contain dangerous contaminants
- § 38:2.40 Use of placebos in clinical medicine
- § 38:2.50 Legal implications of using placebos
- § 38:2.70 Anticholinergic medications
- § 38:3 Developments in drug technology
- § 38:3.50 Pharmacogenomics

B. DRUG INTERACTIONS

- § 38:4 Types of drug interactions

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 38:5 Pharmacokinetics of drug interactions
- § 38:6 Therapeutic index
- § 38:7 Risk factors for drug interactions
- § 38:8 Metabolic drug interactions and cytochrome P-450

C. PHARMACOKINETICS

- § 38:9 Using pharmacokinetics in litigation
- § 38:10 Route of administration
- § 38:11 The pharmacokinetic process
- § 38:12 Pharmacokinetic terminology
- § 38:13 Example of pharmacokinetic information about a drug
- § 38:14 Factors that modify pharmacokinetics

D. GENERIC VERSUS BRAND NAME DRUGS

- § 38:15 Generic drugs distinguished from brand-name drugs
- § 38:16 Effects of a narrow therapeutic ratio

E. OFF-LABEL USE OF DRUGS

- § 38:17 Why drugs are prescribed off-label
- § 38:18 Examples of “off-label” use of drugs
- § 38:18.10 Prescribing drugs that are not approved by the FDA

F. NON-PRESCRIPTION DRUGS

- § 38:19 What constitutes non-prescription drugs
- § 38:20 Dangers of non-prescription drugs
- § 38:21 Misuse of non-prescription drugs
- § 38:22 Reviewing a case for non-prescription drug issues
- § 38:23 Special dangers from non-prescription flu/cold/allergy drugs
- § 38:24 Dangerous ingredients in non-prescription drugs
- § 38:25 Index of ingredients arranged by primary drug action
- § 38:26 Finding non-prescription drug issues in cases

G. THE ROLE OF DRUGS IN LITIGATION

- § 38:27 Introduction
- § 38:28 Researching each drug
- § 38:29 Kidney or liver disease
- § 38:30 Drug interactions
- § 38:31 Pharmacokinetics
- § 38:32 Drug tolerance
- § 38:33 Mental effects
- § 38:34 Food, alcohol and herbal medicines
- § 38:35 Physiological stress factors
- § 38:36 Dosage errors
- § 38:36.50 Dosing of liquid medications

H. EXAMPLE OF EVALUATING THE ROLE OF DRUGS IN LITIGATION

- § 38:37 Hypothetical fact situation
- § 38:38 Research the drugs
- § 38:39 Research the effects of kidney or liver disease
- § 38:40 Drug interactions
- § 38:41 Pharmacokinetics
- § 38:42 Drug tolerance
- § 38:43 Mental side effects
- § 38:44 Food interactions
- § 38:45 Alcohol effects
- § 38:46 Herbal medicine interactions
- § 38:47 Physiological stress factors
- § 38:48 Dosage errors

I. INDEX OF MAJOR DRUG ACTIONS

- § 38:49 Using the index of major drug actions
- § 38:50 Index of major drug actions

J. FUNCTION-ENHANCING DRUGS

- § 38:51 Legal issues relating to function-enhancing drugs
- § 38:52 Performance-enhancing drugs
- § 38:53 Side effects of performance-enhancing drugs
- § 38:54 Neuro-enhancing drugs
- § 38:55 Adverse effects of prescription and non-prescription drugs with neuro-stimulant effects
- § 38:55.10 List of prescription and non-prescription drugs with neuro-stimulant effects
- § 38:56 Combined index of all drugs mentioned under performance-enhancing or neuro-enhancing drugs

CHAPTER 39. DRUGS WITH MENTAL EFFECTS

A. INTRODUCTION TO DRUGS WITH MENTAL EFFECTS

- § 39:1 Psychoactive drugs generally
- § 39:2 Non-psychiatric drugs with mental side effects
- § 39:3 Complexity of psychopharmacology
- § 39:3.10 Delayed onset of drug action
- § 39:4 Physician prescribing of psychiatric drugs
- § 39:5 Psychopharmacology in litigation

B. COMPENDIUM OF PSYCHIATRIC DRUGS

- § 39:6 Introduction to the compendium of psychiatric drugs

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- § 39:7 Organization of each entry in the compendium of psychiatric drugs
- § 39:7.10 Serious adverse reactions
- § 39:8 Compendium of psychiatric drugs

CHAPTER 40. DRUG FINDER

- § 40:1 Purposes for the Drug Finder
- § 40:2 How to Use the Drug Finder
- § 40:3 Limitations
- § 40:4 Drug finder

Index